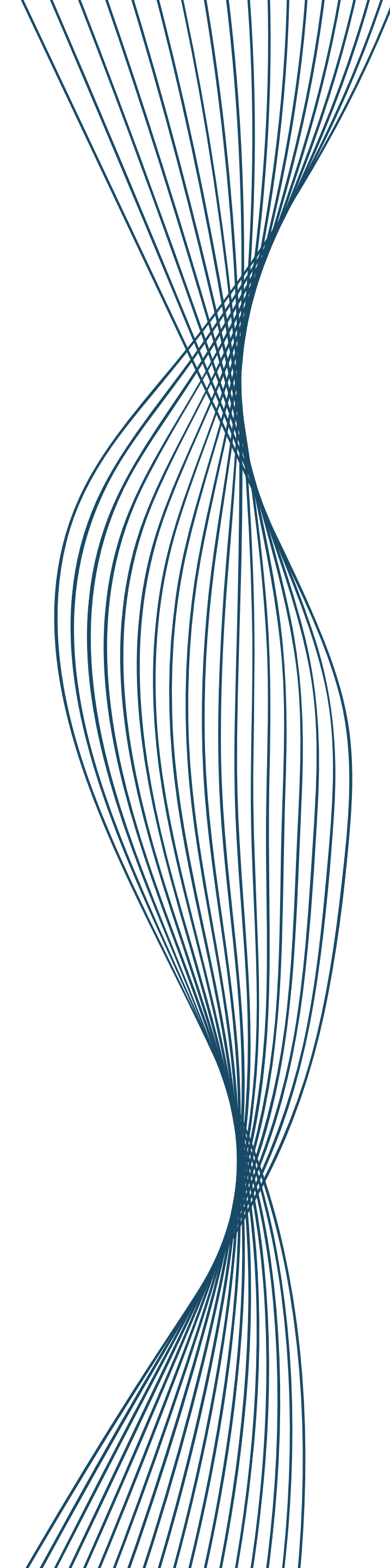




JULY 2026

2026 Q2 Credit Risk Review

Trends and Early Risk Indicators in Consumer Credit



Executive Summary

Despite widespread anecdotal reports of increasing consumer stress, even a close examination of the data reveals little evidence of broad deterioration in credit delinquencies

Credit performance remained stable, if weak, in Q2 of 2026

- ♦ Industry card delinquencies fell in Q2, but recent card vintage performance remained weak
- ♦ Recent personal loan vintage delinquencies were elevated at the risk band level, but moderate overall due to continued mix shifts
- ♦ Auto delinquencies remained stable, but average term lengths and payment amounts continued growing

Macroeconomic indicators may be turning a corner, but remain concerning

- ♦ Real wage growth increased, with nominal wage growth converging across income levels
- ♦ Debt servicing payment to income ratios fell slightly, though the personal savings rate remained depressed

Overall Consumer Credit



Credit Card

- ♦ 2025 vintages continue to underperform 2024
- ♦ Delinquencies eased in Q2 but remain near multi-year highs
- ♦ Origination and balance growth remained concentrated in subprime and super prime segments



Personal Loans

- ♦ Delinquencies continued easing in Q2, despite a late quarter seasonal rebound
- ♦ Originations remained elevated YoY supporting continued balance growth, particularly in lower Vantage tiers



Auto Loans

- ♦ Delinquencies remain elevated
- ♦ Originations held roughly stable YoY, as subprime and near-prime growth offset declines in higher tiers
- ♦ Loan amounts and terms continued rising YoY



Student Loans

- ♦ Delinquencies continued declining in Q2, but at a moderating pace
- ♦ Balance mix shifted toward higher Vantage tiers, led by growth in super-prime



Mortgage & HELOC

- ♦ HELOC credit limits surpassed \$1T for the first time since 2016, as utilization continued climbing
- ♦ Severe first-mortgage delinquencies leveled out, remaining near their recent high

Q2 2026 Lending Regulation & Policy Changes

- ♦ **Federal Student Loan Overhaul Takes Effect:** As of July 1, the OBBBA-mandated restructuring of federal student loans is in effect, introducing two new repayment options—the Repayment Assistance Plan (RAP) and a Tiered Standard Plan—while phasing out several existing plans. ([Department of Education](#))
- ♦ **CFPB Regulation B Amendments Take Effect:** The CFPB’s final rule amending Regulation B under ECOA took effect on July 21, eliminating the disparate-impact standard. ECOA liability now generally requires evidence of intentional discrimination rather than statistically disproportionate outcomes. The rule also narrows the discouragement prohibition, limiting it to statements a creditor *knows or should know* would signal an intent to discriminate on a prohibited basis, rather than looking at a statement’s actual effects on applicants. ([Bloomberg Law](#), [Federal Register](#))
- ♦ **CFPB Policy Statement on Ability-to-Repay and Immigration Status:** On June 5, the CFPB released a policy statement implementing Executive Order 14406 (signed May 19), reminding creditors that Truth in Lending Act / Reg Z ability-to-repay requirements may obligate them to consider a borrower’s immigration status where potential deportation or loss of work authorization could disrupt the U.S.-based income the loan relies on. It reverses the 2023 CFPB/DOJ position that was withdrawn in January 2026. ([Federal Register](#), [Executive Order 14406](#), [Bloomberg](#))
- ♦ **Use of Reputational Risk Prohibited by Regulators:** The FDIC and OCC jointly finalized a rule (effective June 9) removing “reputation risk” from their supervisory and examination frameworks and barring examiners from pressuring banks to end customer relationships on political or ideological grounds. ([Consumer Finance Insights](#), [FDIC](#))
- ♦ **Supreme Court Reshapes Agency Independence:** In *Trump v. Slaughter*, the Court overruled *Humphrey’s Executor*, making the heads of most independent agencies removable by the President at will; in a companion ruling, *Trump v. Cook*, it preserved the Federal Reserve’s independence as a distinct exception. ([U.S. Supreme Court](#), [NPR](#))

*Note: This presentation is for informational purposes only and does not constitute financial, legal, or regulatory advice. The insights provided are based on current industry trends and should not be interpreted as definitive predictions about regulatory or macroeconomic developments.



State of the Consumer

Credit Card

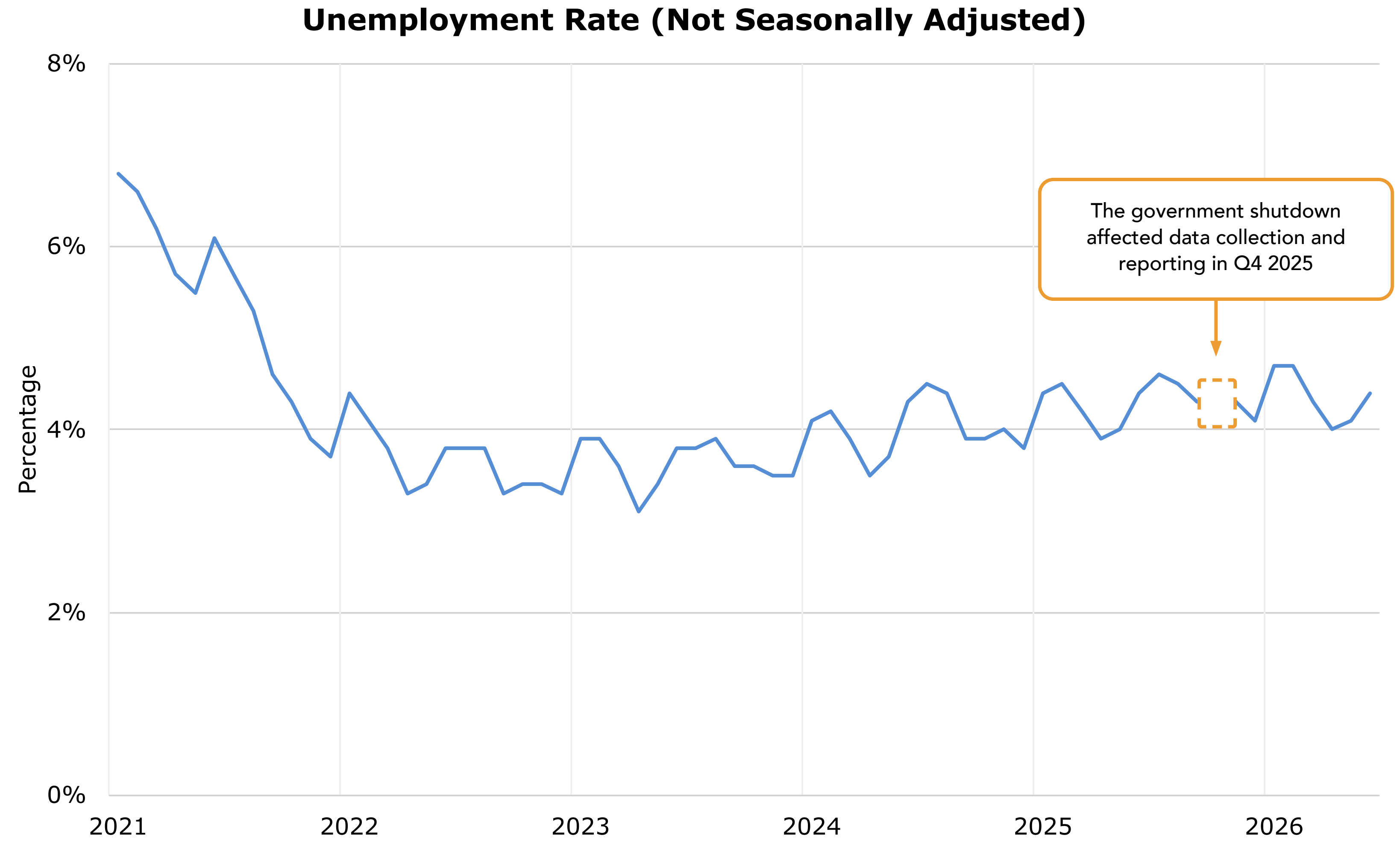
Personal Loan

Auto

Student Loan

Mortgage

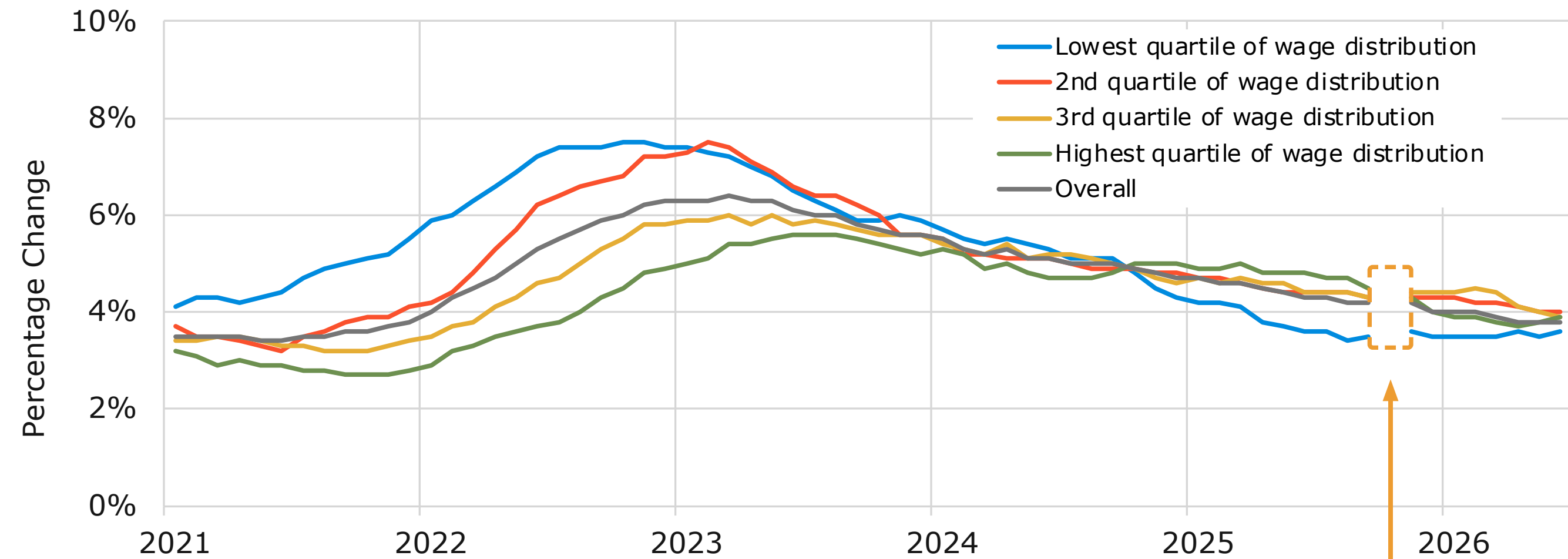
Unemployment remained broadly stable through Q2 2026, consistent with the pattern of the past two years



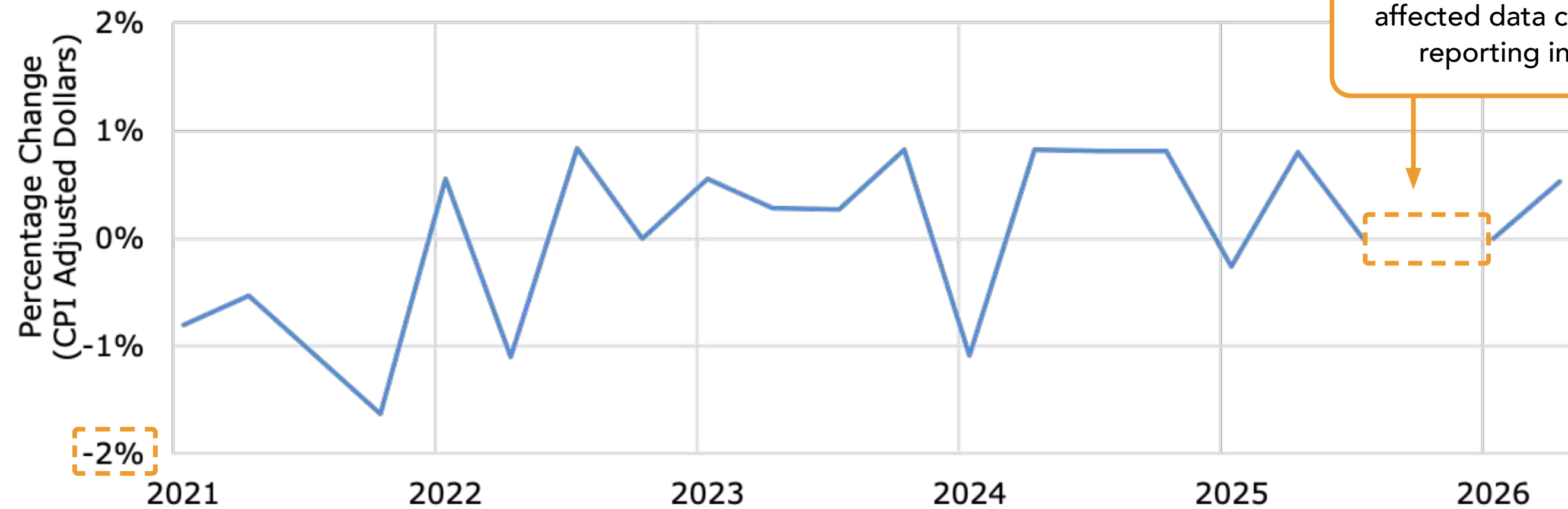
Source: 2OS, [FRED](#) (Data as of July 2, 2026)

Wage growth converged across income levels in Q2 2026, while real wages picked up slightly

Wage Growth Rate by Wage Distribution

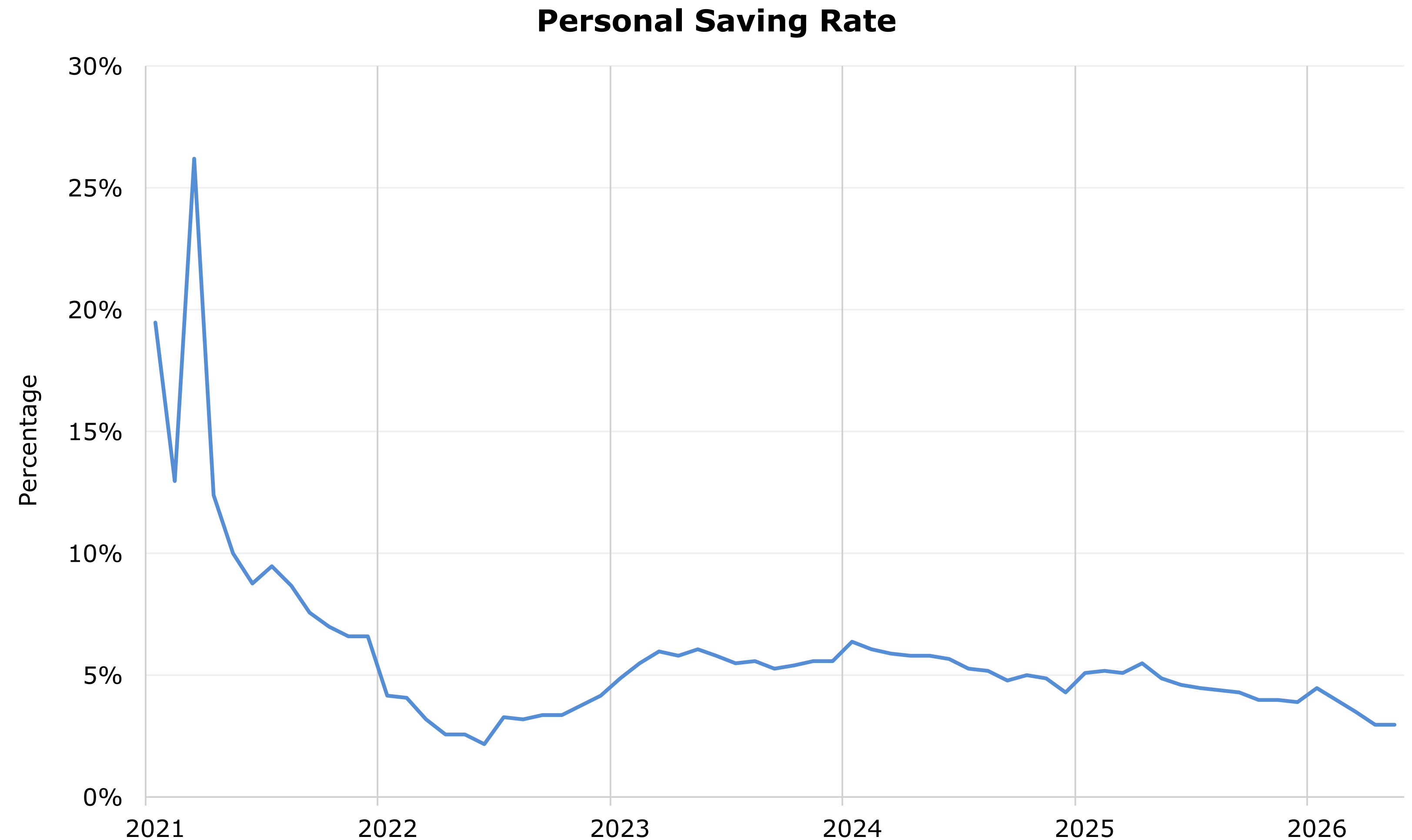


Real Wage Growth (Seasonally Adjusted)



The government shutdown affected data collection and reporting in Q4 2025

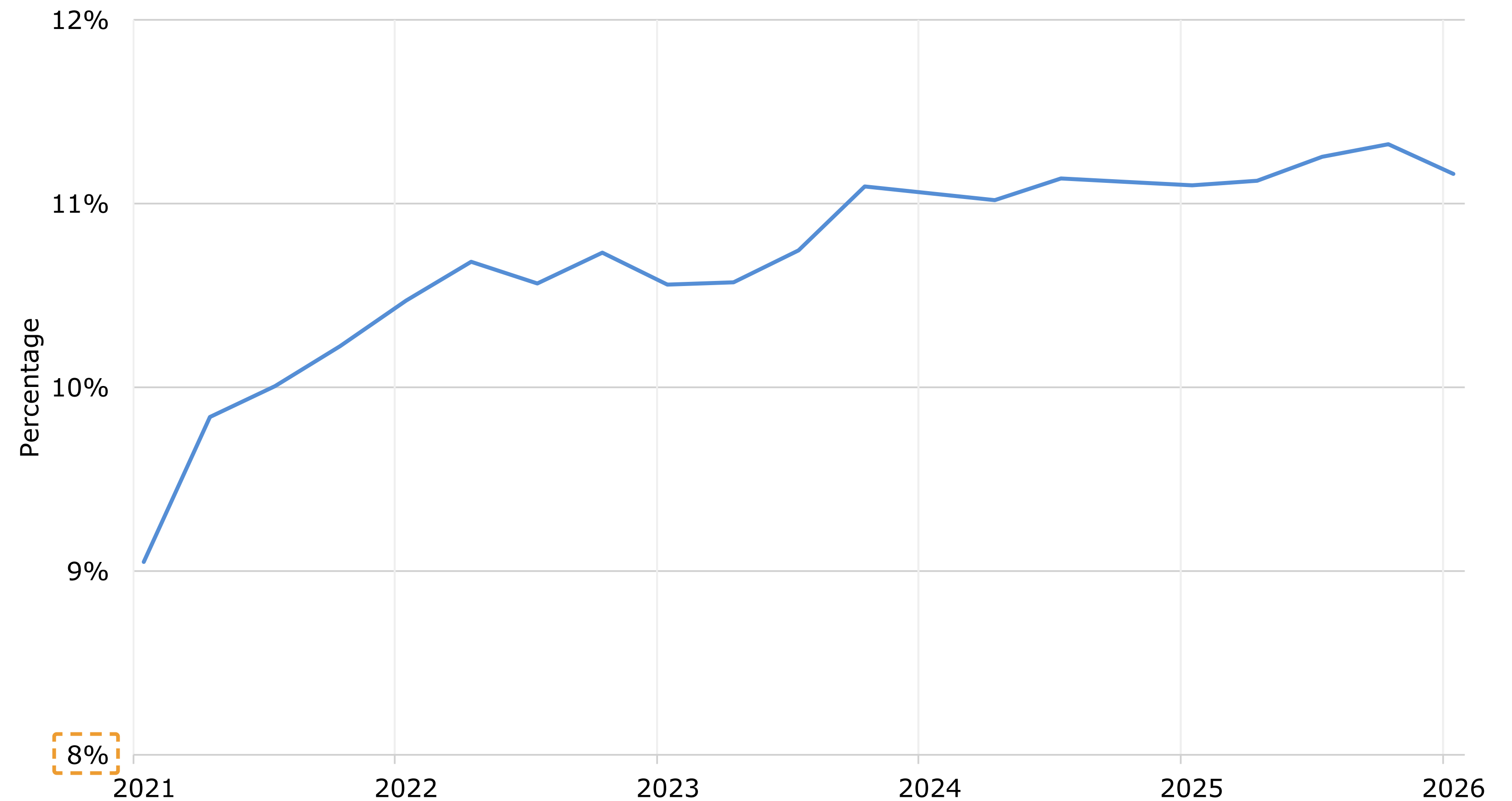
The personal saving rate dropped in Q2 2026, approaching the recent 2022 low



Source: 2OS, [FRED](#). Data as of June 25, 2026

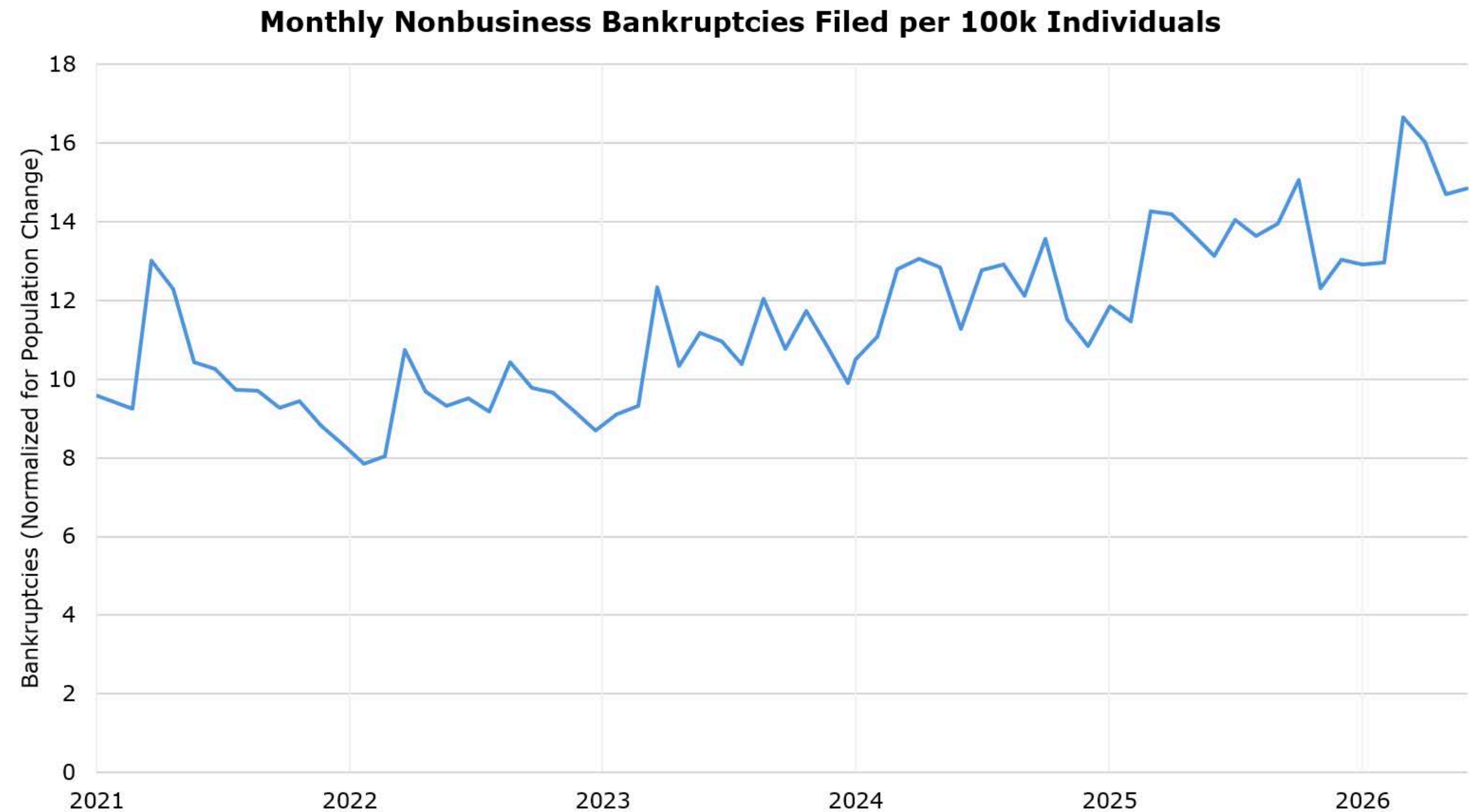
Household debt payments saw a slight decline relative to disposable income

Household Debt Service Payments as a Percent of Disposable Personal Income



Source: 2OS, [FRED](#). Data as of June 22, 2026

**Bankruptcies
remained on a
rising trend, with
Q2 2026 filings
up 11% YoY**



Source: 2OS, [U.S. Courts F-2 \(One Month\) Reports](#) (Data as of June 30, 2026), [U.S. Census Bureau](#) (Data as of July 1, 2025)



Credit Card

State of the Consumer

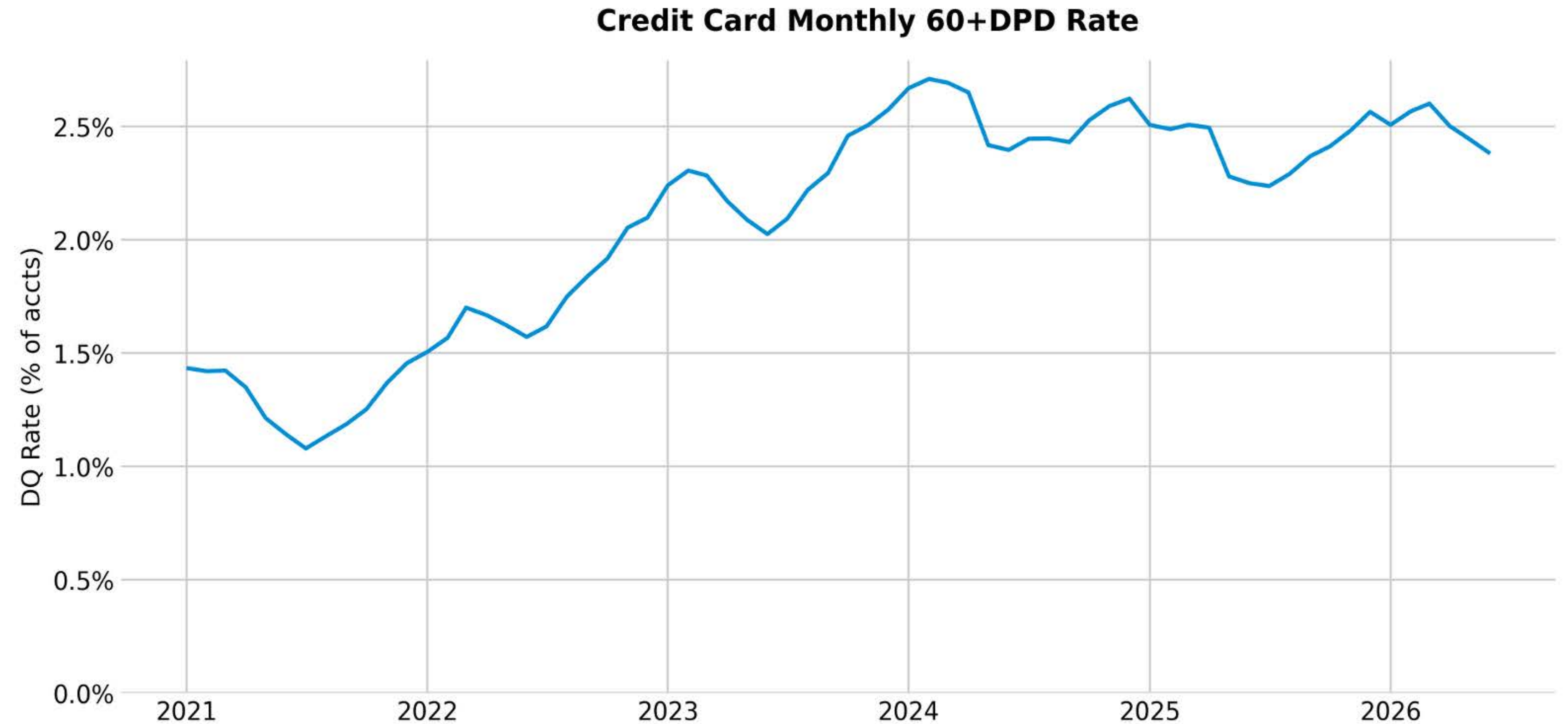
Personal Loan

Auto

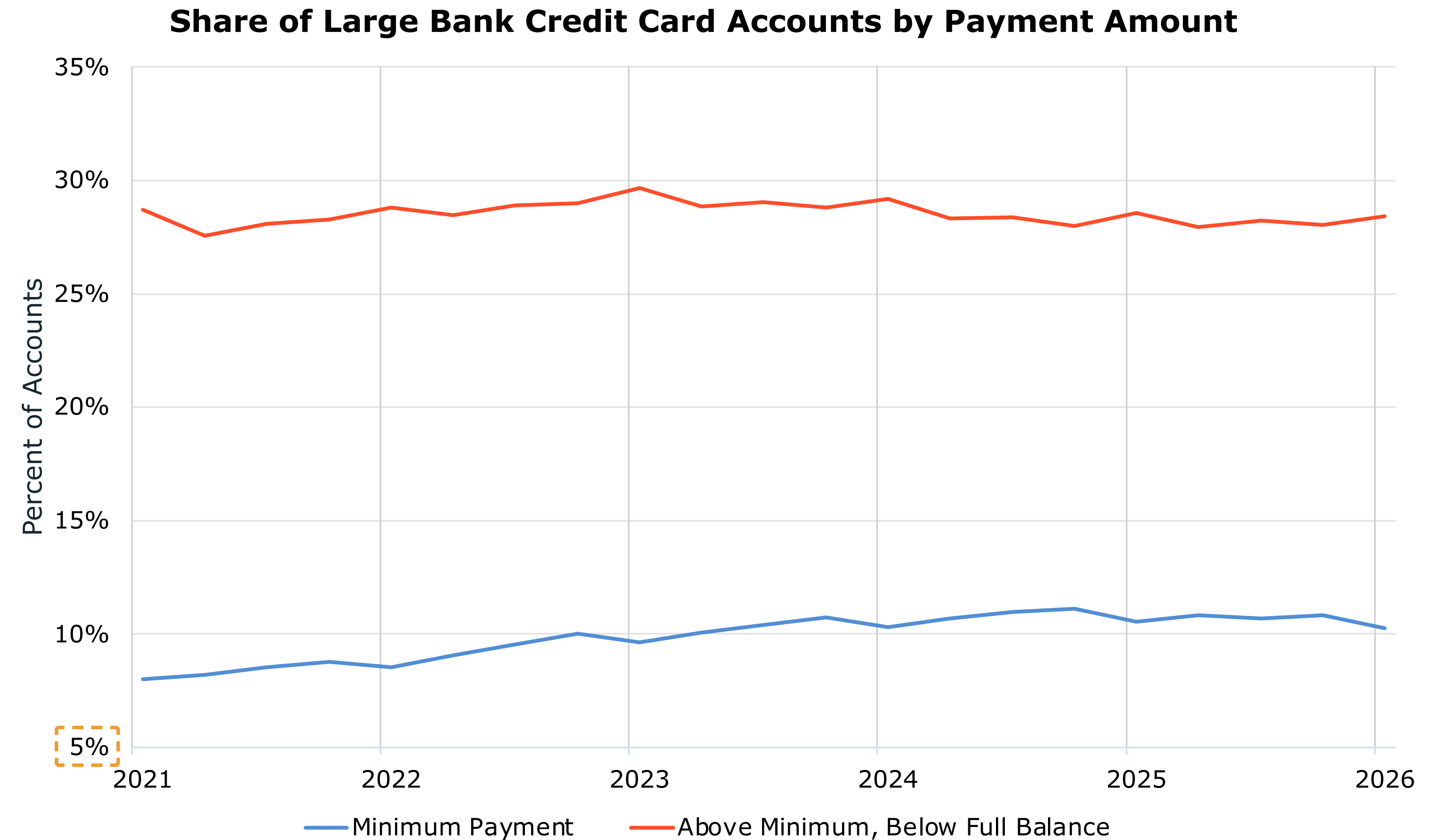
Student Loan

Mortgage

Card delinquencies ticked down in Q2 2026 following seasonal trends, but held within the elevated range seen since 2024



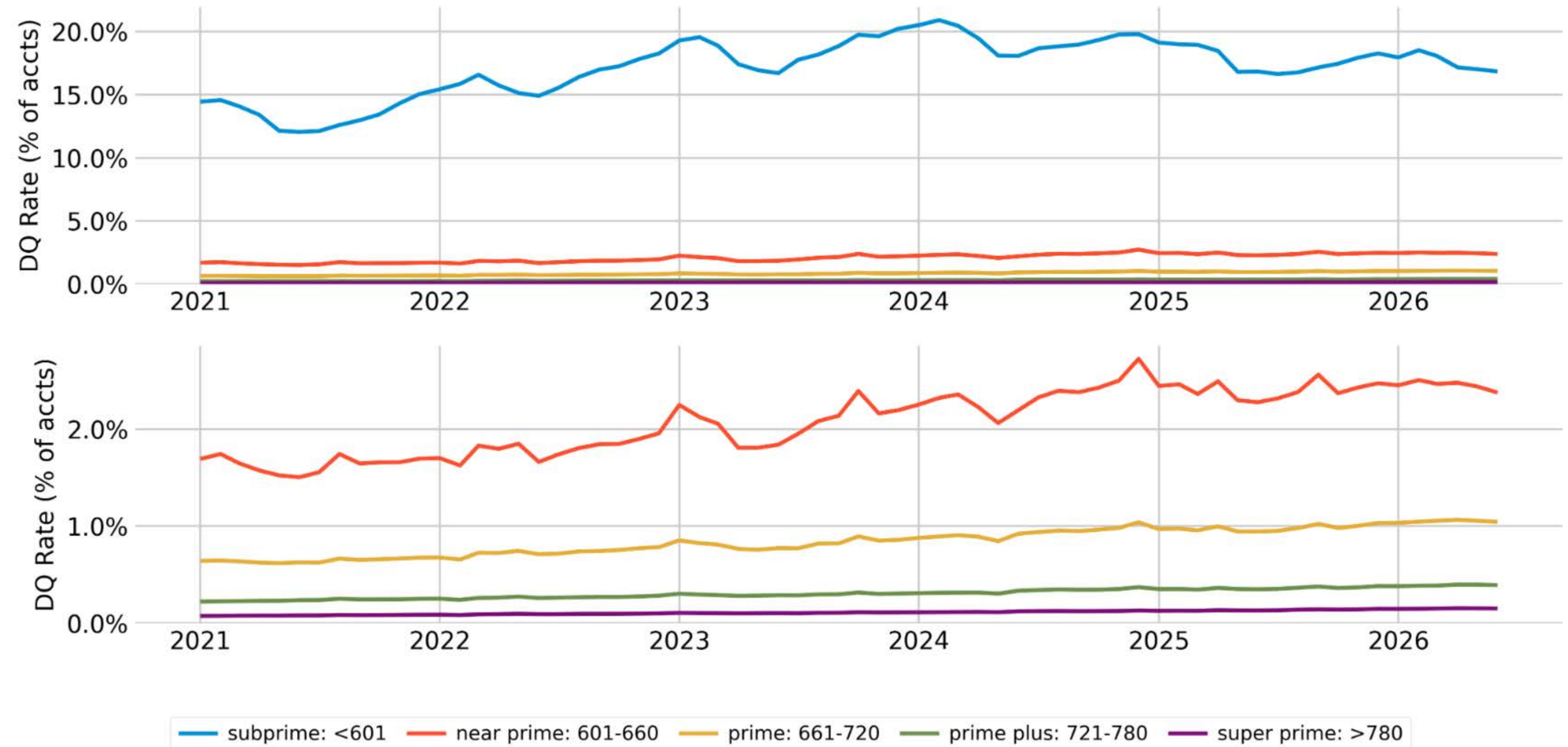
The share of accounts making minimum payments eased slightly, but remains above prior-year levels



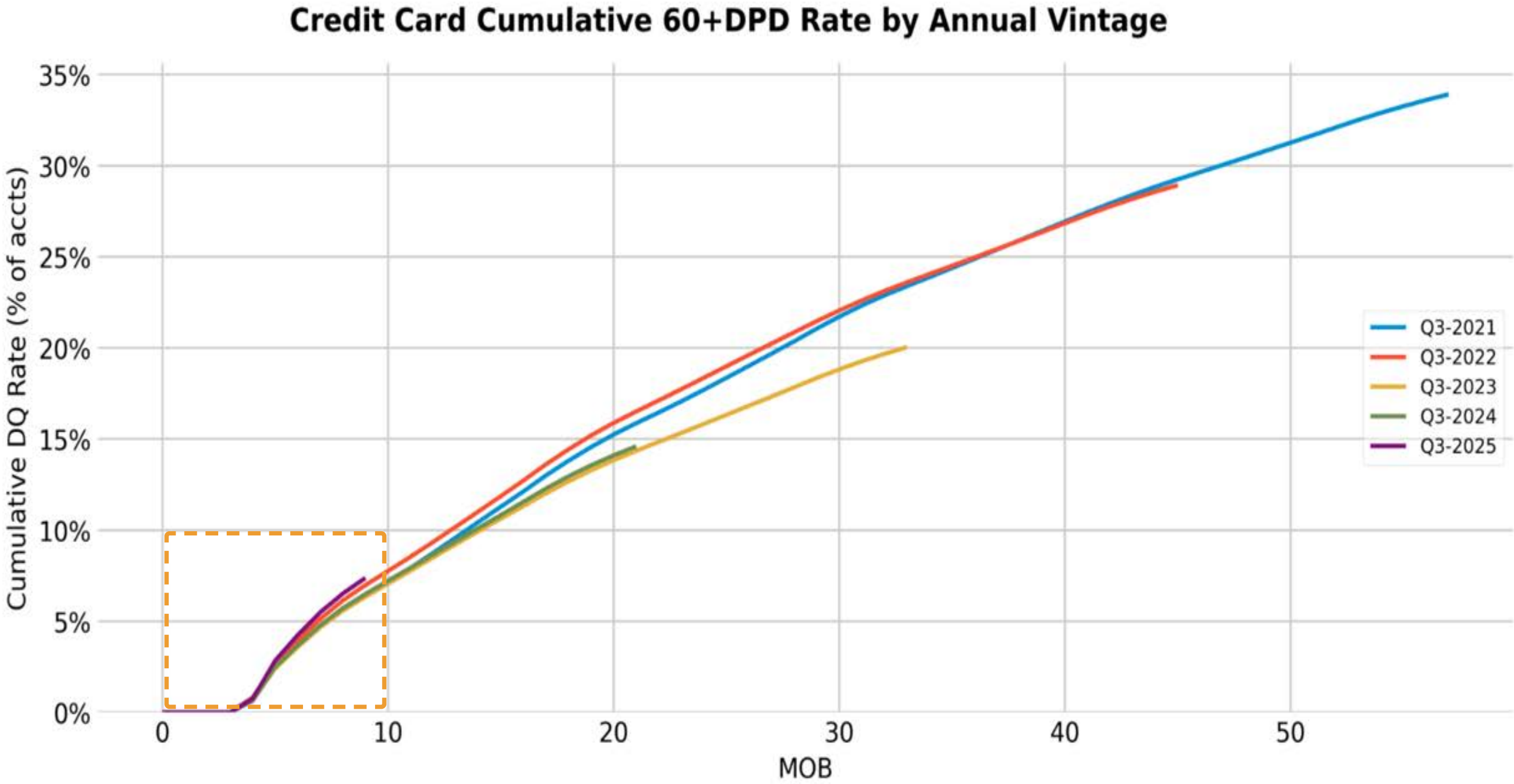
Source: 2OS, [FRED](#), [FRED](#) (Data as of July 13, 2026)

Q2 2026
delinquency
rates declined
among
subprime and
near prime
borrowers

Credit Card Monthly 60+DPD Rate by Origination Vantage

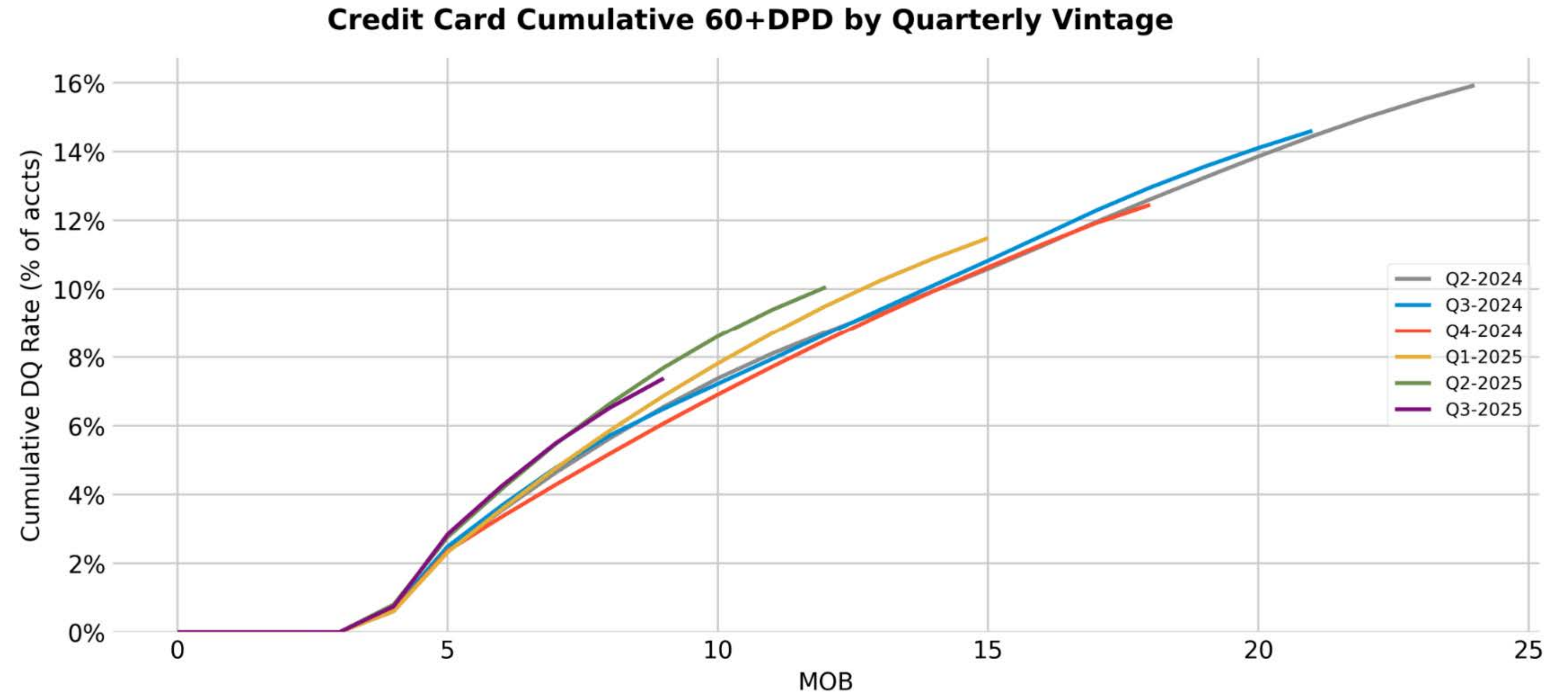


2025 cumulative delinquencies remained elevated and continued to track 2022, the weakest cohort in recent history



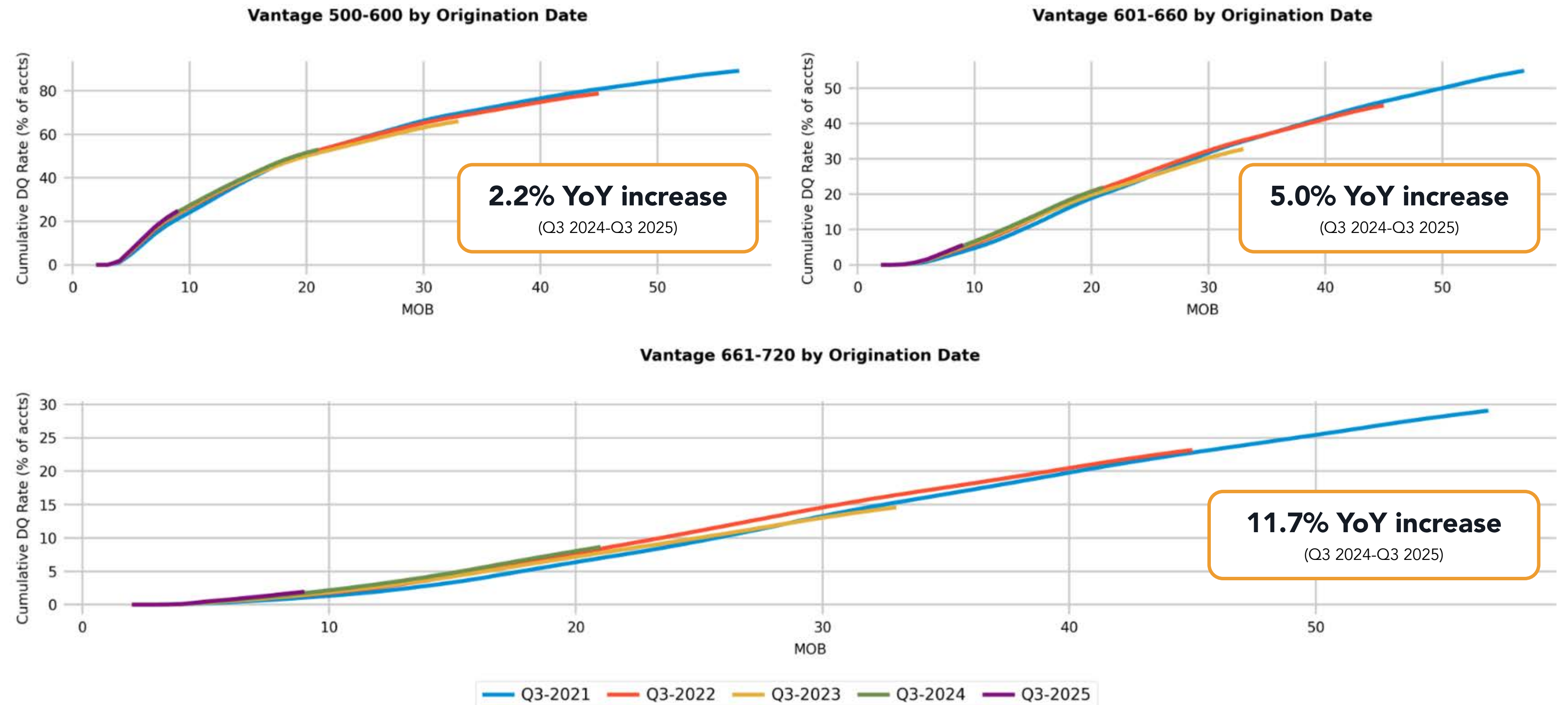
Source: 2OS, Equifax Ignite. Data as of July 20, 2026

2025 vintages remain elevated versus 2024, with quarter-over-quarter deterioration leveling off



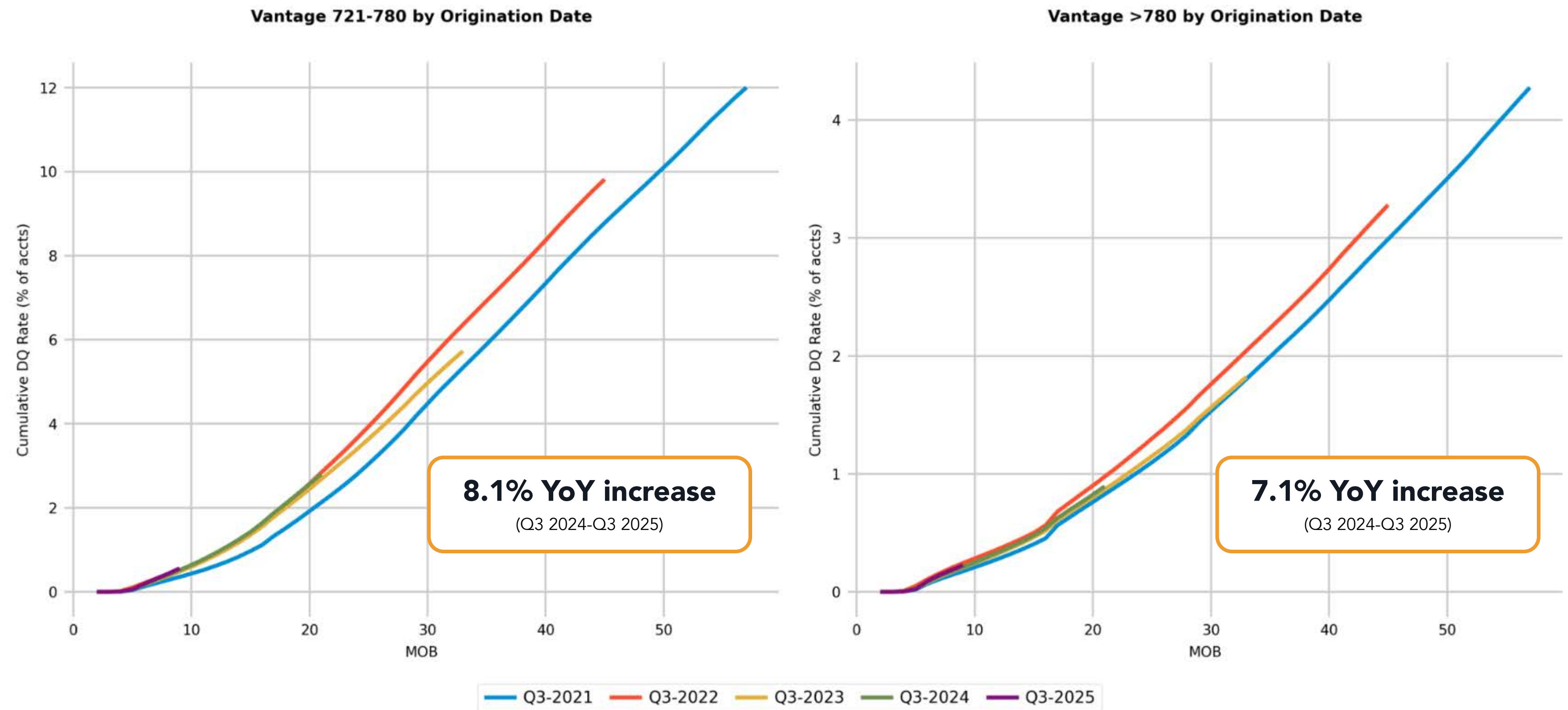
Q3 2025
delinquencies
rose YoY across
lower and mid
Vantage bands,
led by prime
borrowers
(Slide 1 of 2)

Credit Card Cumulative 60+DPD Rate by Annual Vintage and Risk

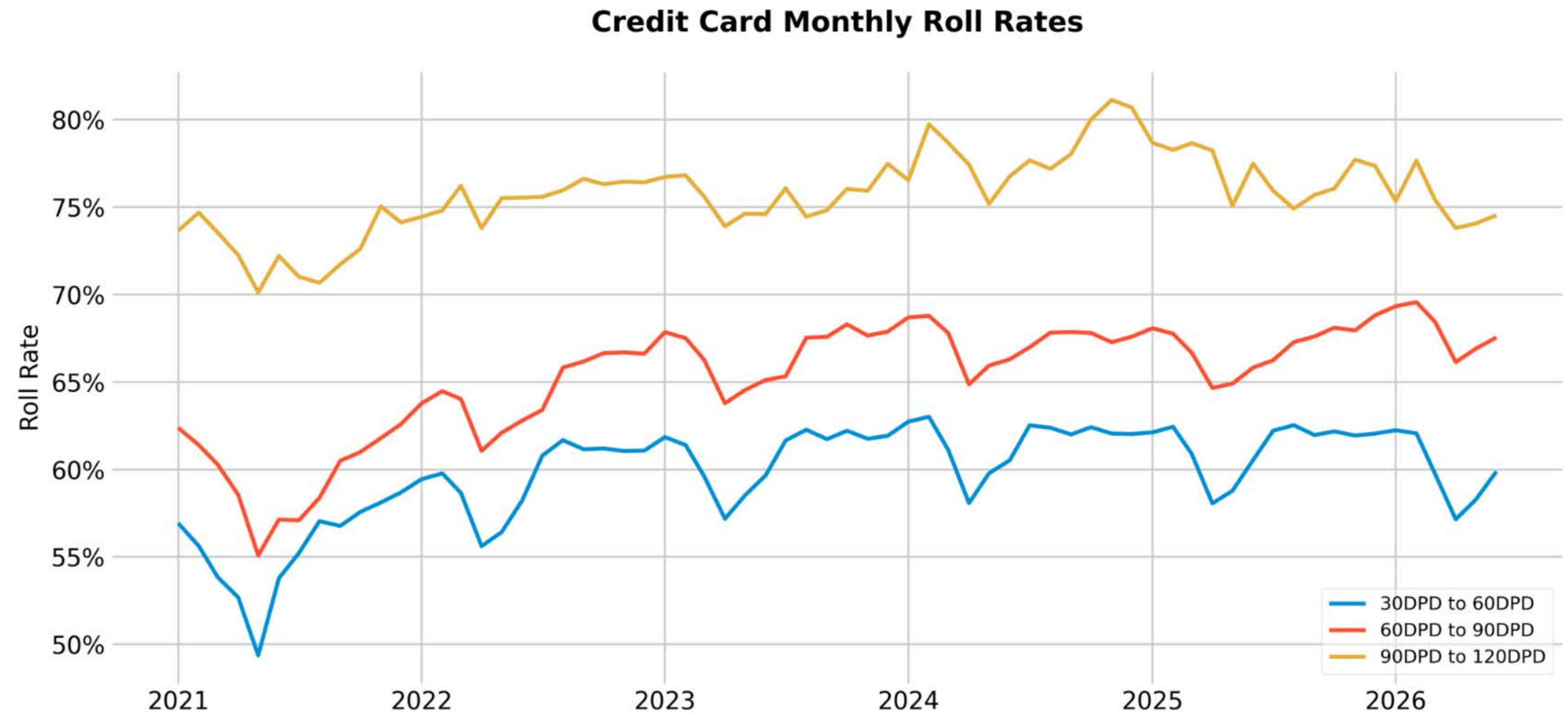


Q3 2025
delinquencies
also rose YoY
in prime plus
and super prime
(Slide 2 of 2)

Credit Card Cumulative 60+DPD Rate by Annual Vintage and Risk

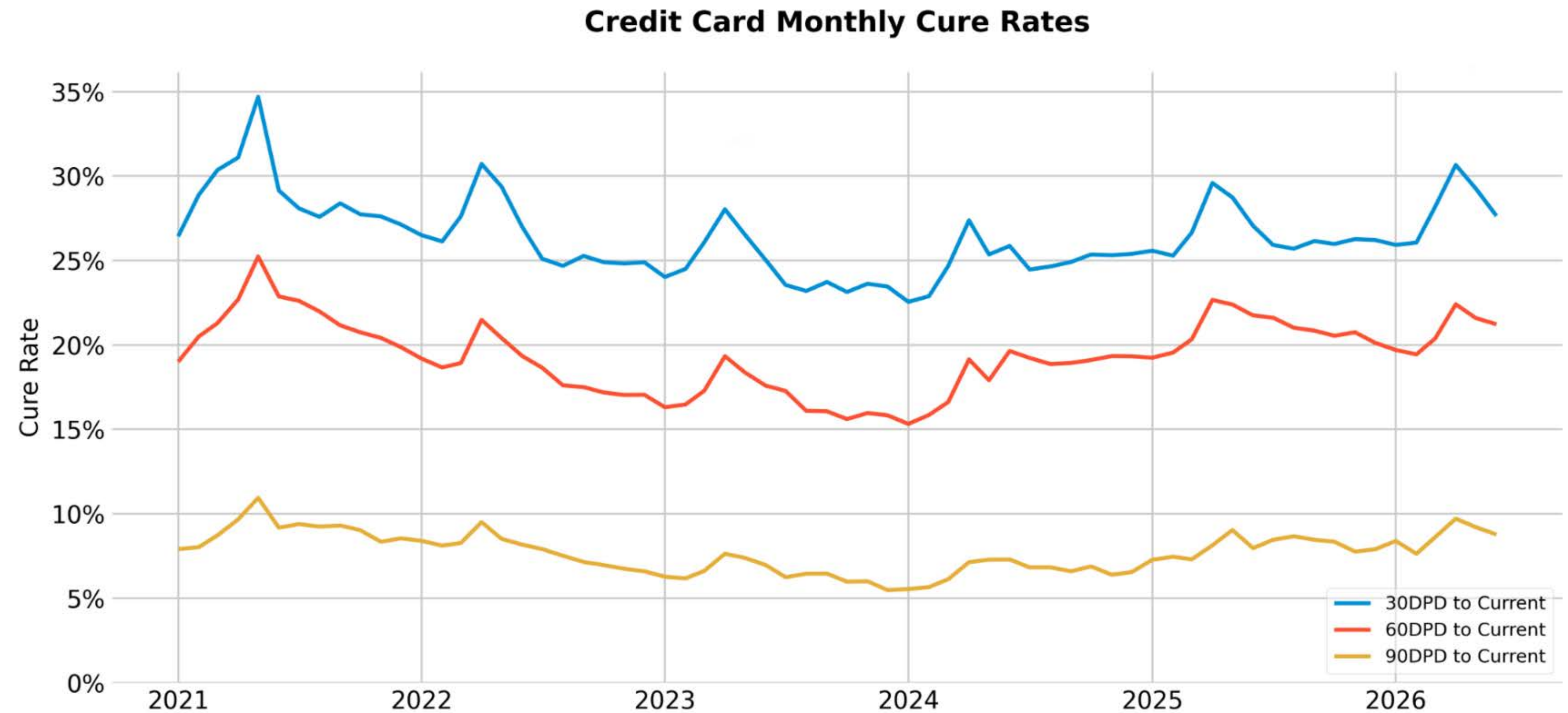


Roll rates ticked up slightly in Q2 2026, remaining well above pre-2023 levels



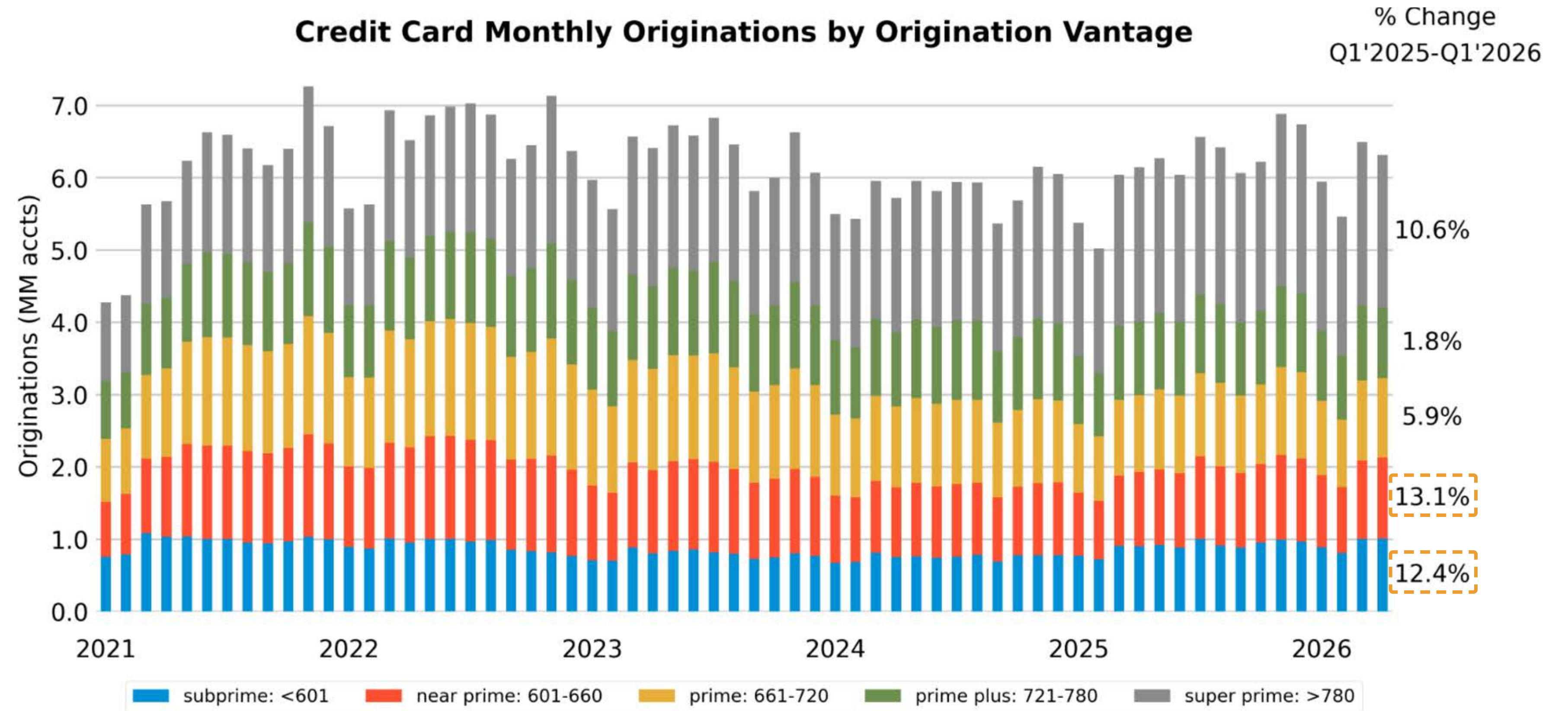
Source: 2OS, Equifax Ignite. Data as of July 20, 2026

**Cure rates
ticked down
in line with
typical seasonal
patterns**

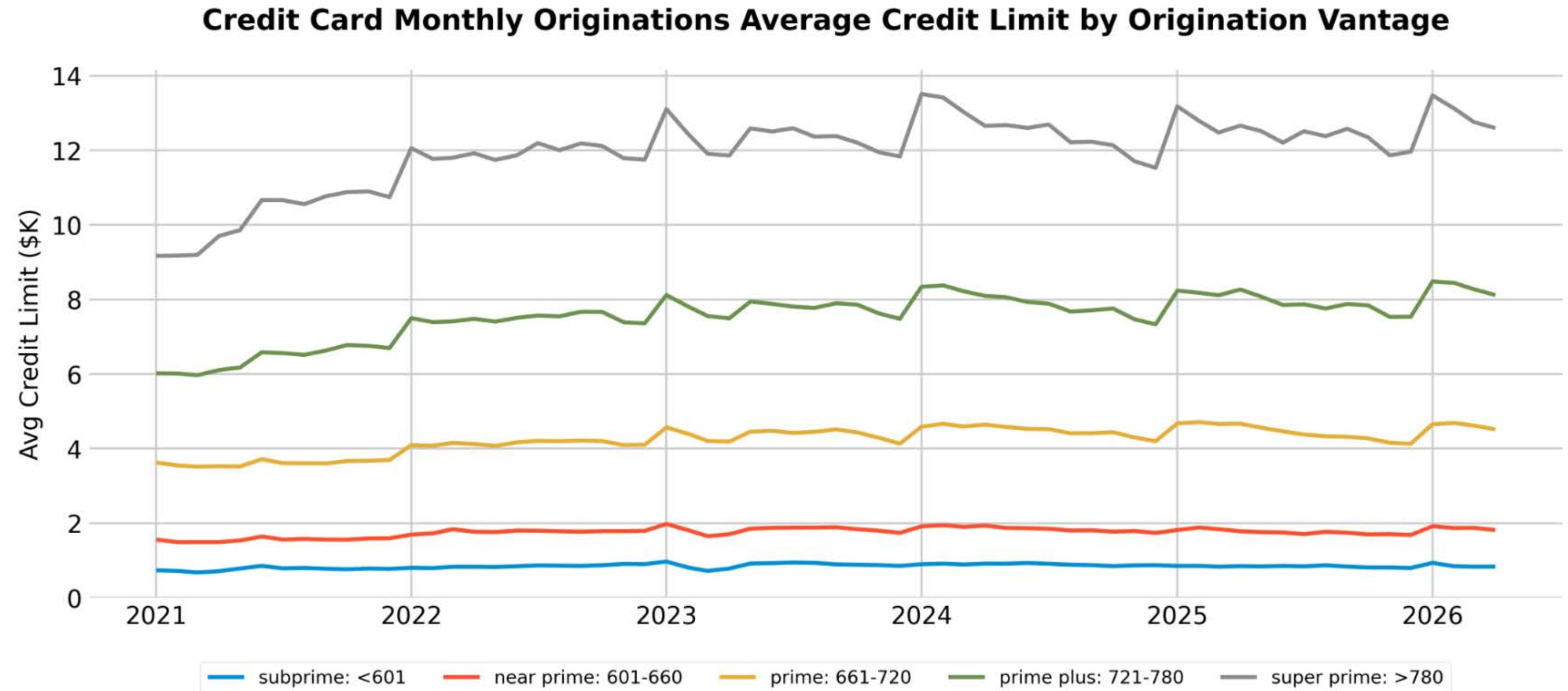


Source: 2OS, Equifax Ignite. Data as of July 20, 2026

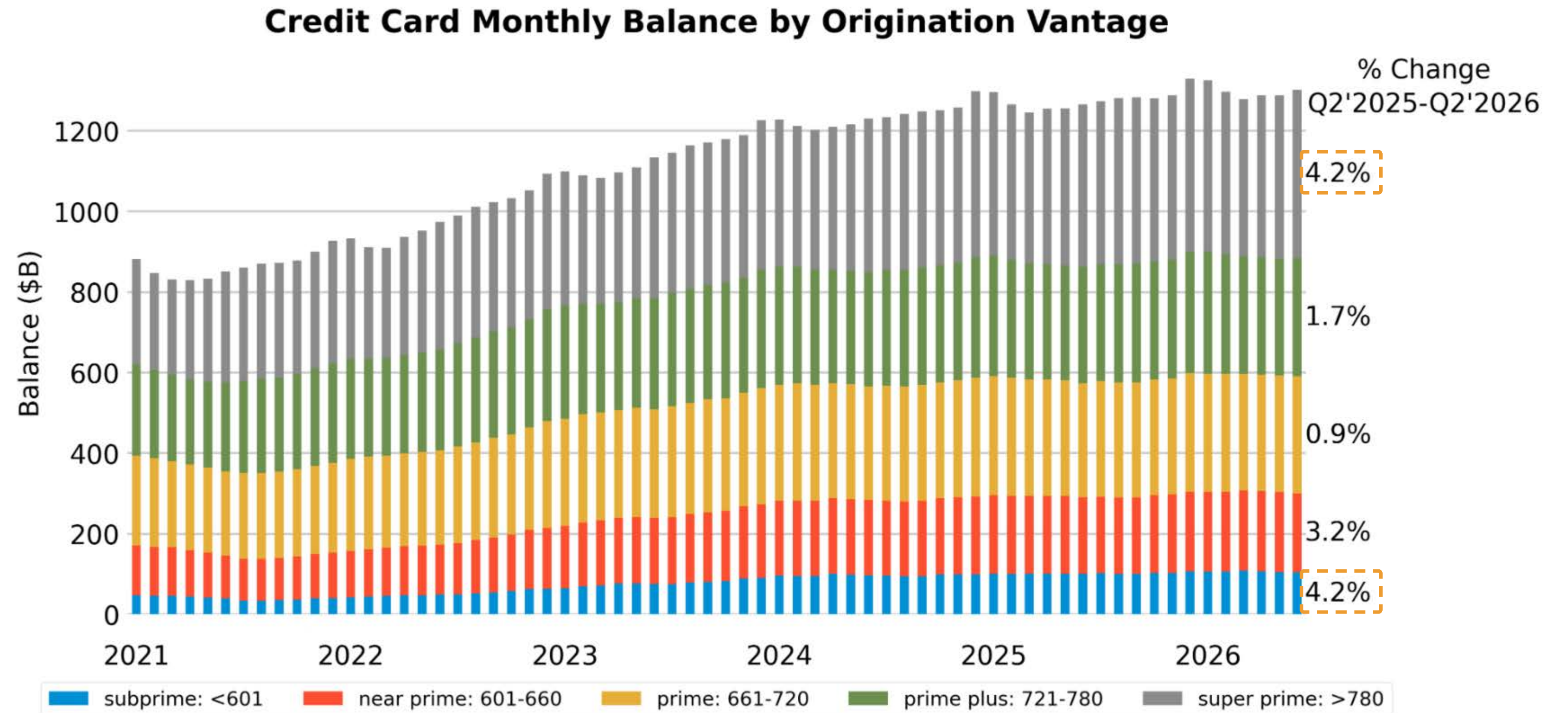
YoY growth in subprime and near prime risk bands remains high, with super prime growth not far behind



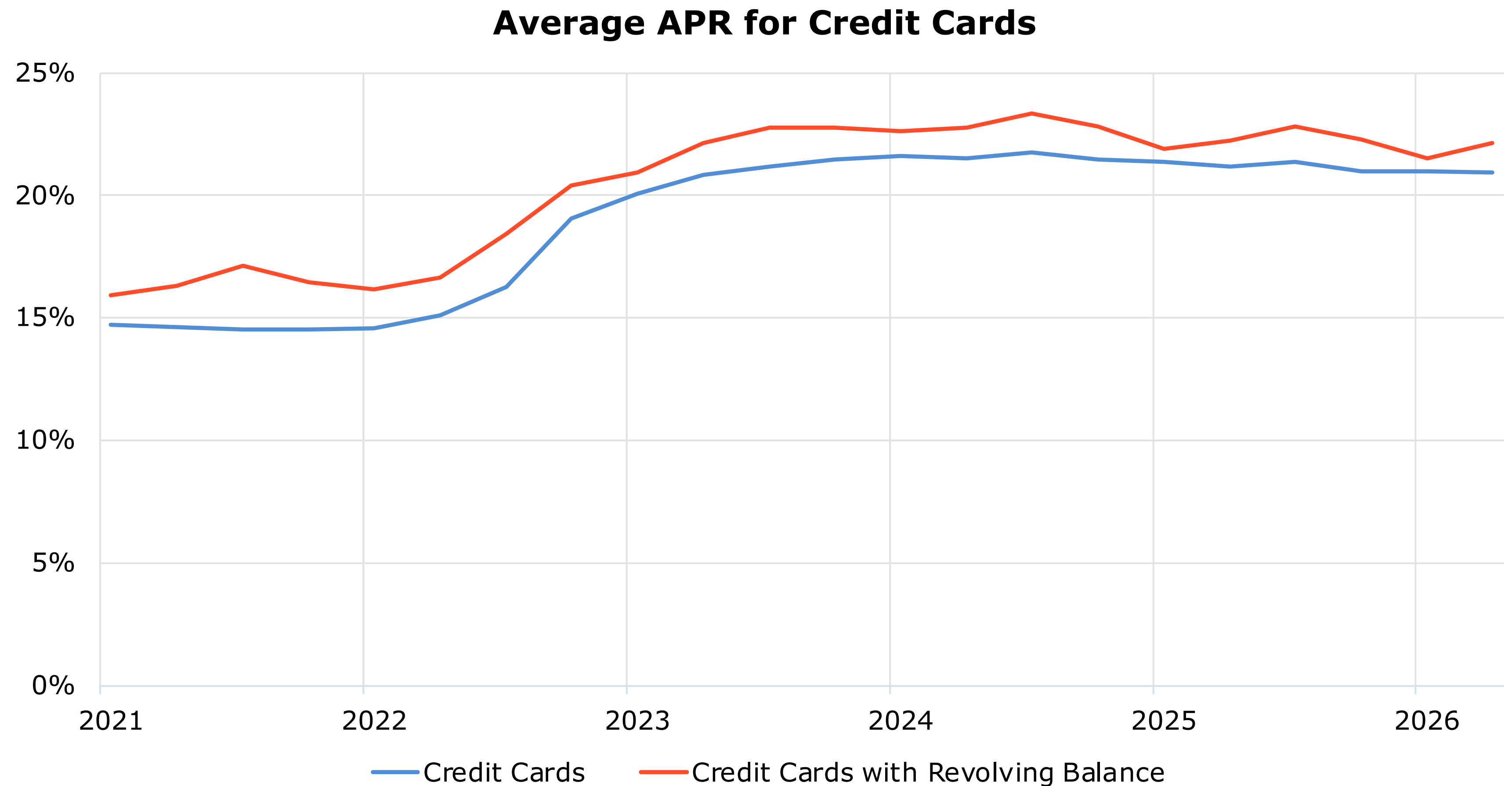
Average credit limits eased through Q2 2026, following their typical January spike, and are down 15-20% in real terms since early 2022



Credit card debt rose slightly across risk tiers, particularly in subprime and super prime



Card APRs remained roughly stable overall, with an increase among cards with a revolving balance





State of the Consumer

Credit Card

Personal Loan

Auto

Student Loan

Mortgage

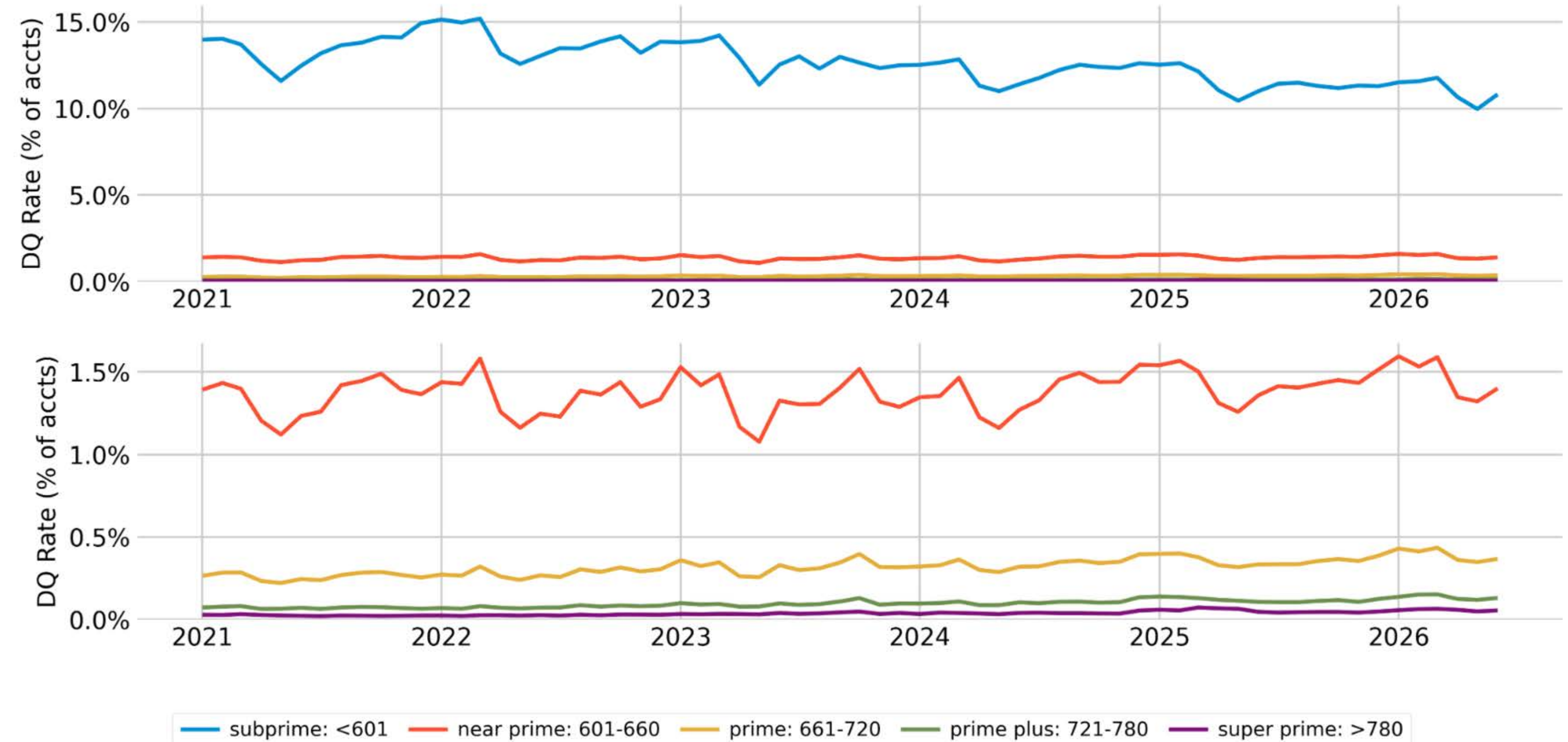
**Personal Loan
60+ DPD rates
dipped in Q2
before a modest
rebound,
continuing a
trend of gradual
easing**



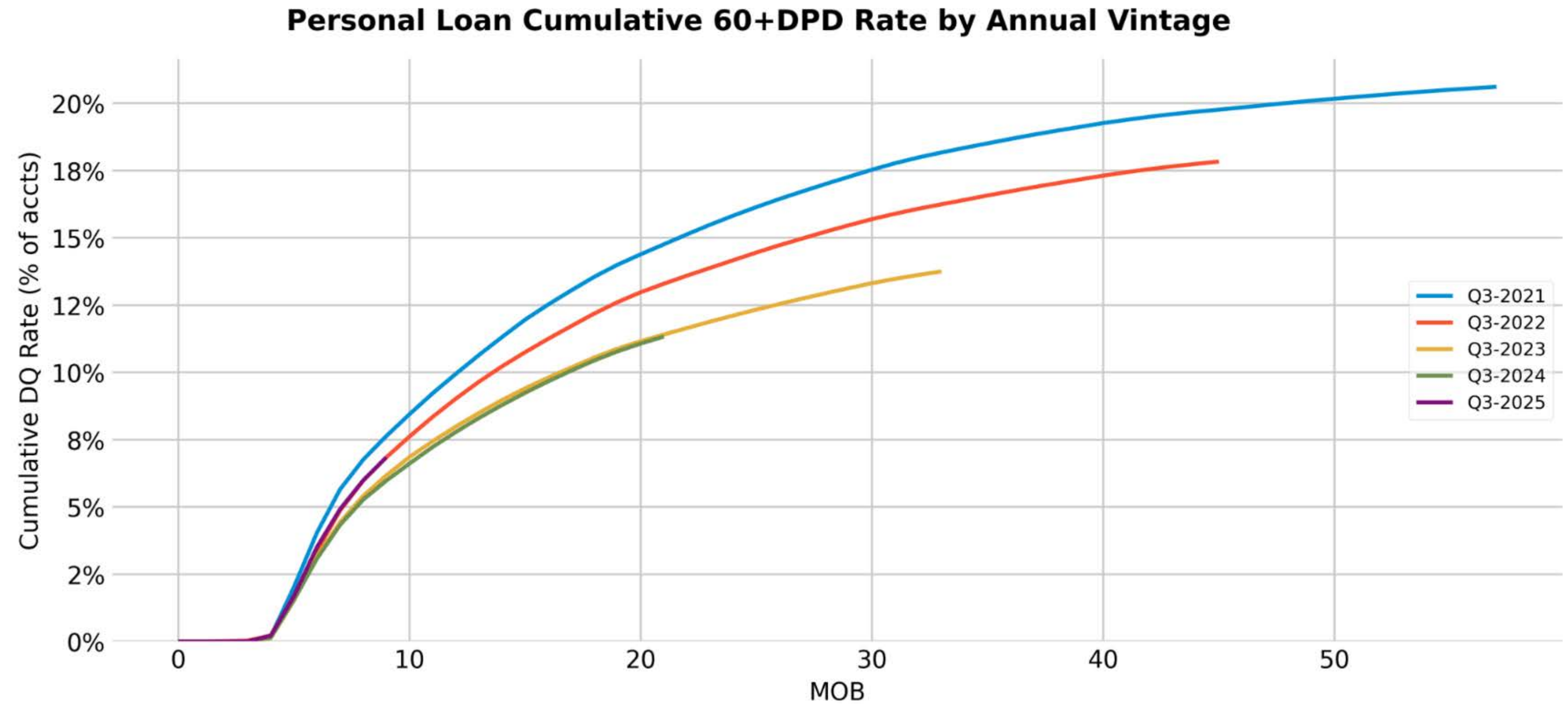
Source: 2OS, Equifax Ignite. Data as of July 20, 2026

Q2
delinquency
trends were
broadly
consistent
across
Vantage tiers

Personal Loan Monthly 60+DPD Rate by Origination Vantage

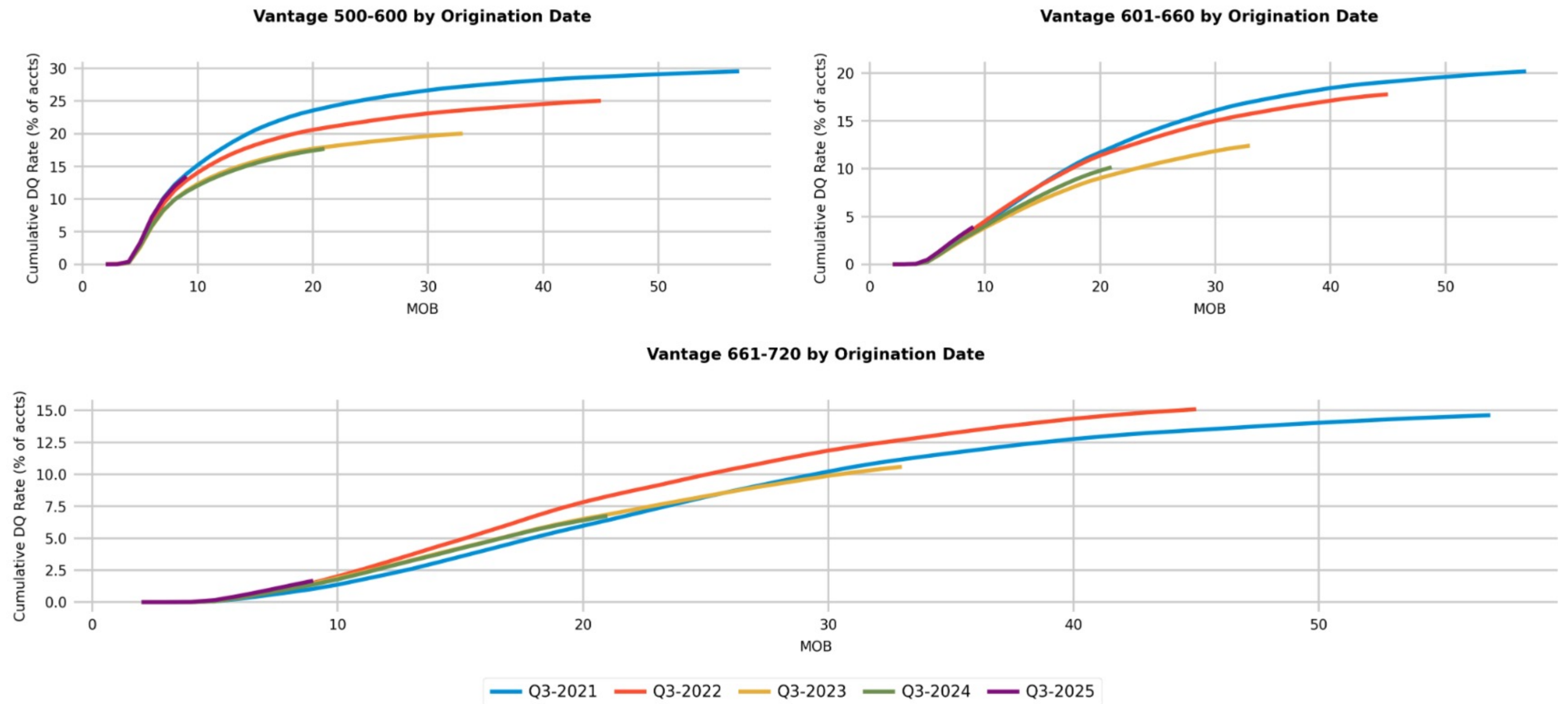


The Q3 2025 vintage is tracking near Q3 2022 levels and slightly worse than more recent vintages



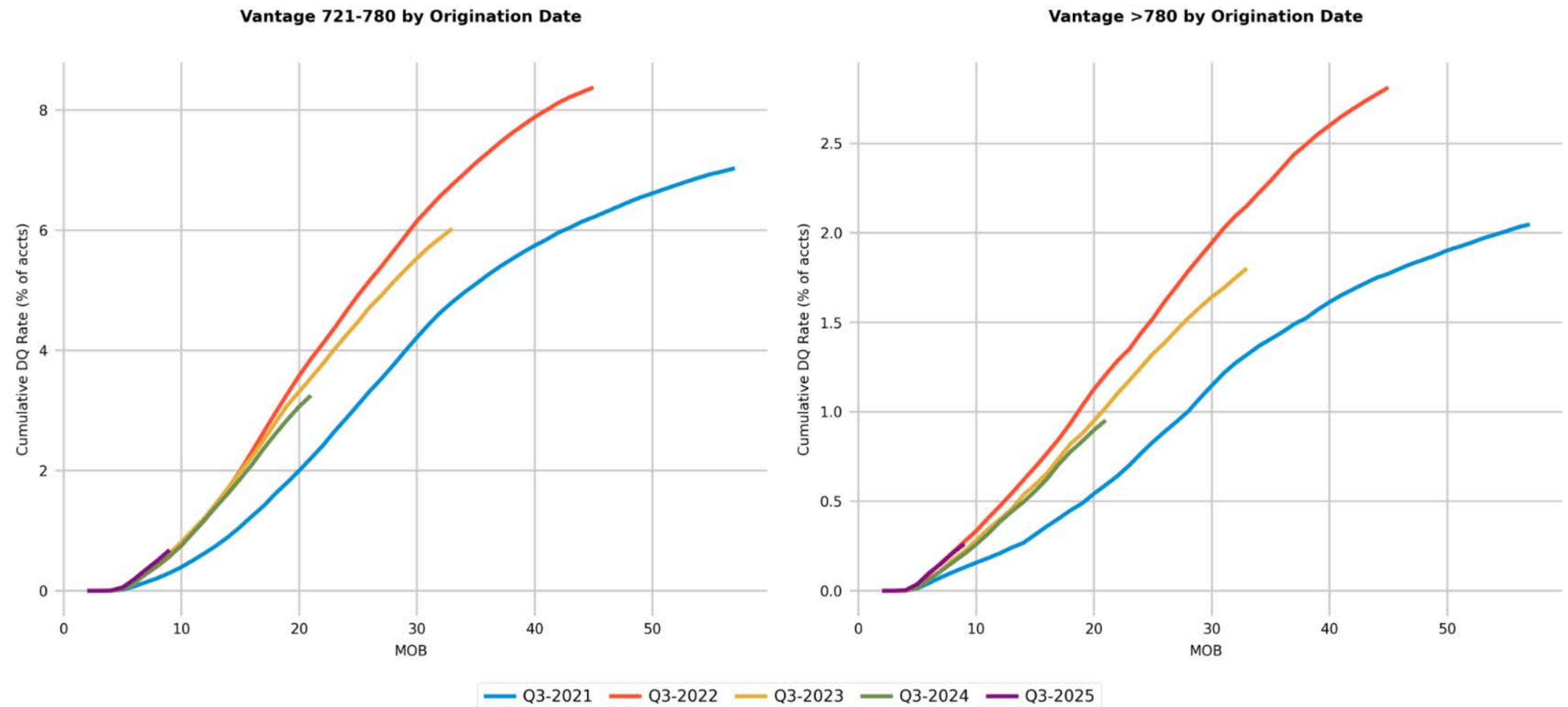
Q3 2025
performance in
lower Vantage
bands was
weaker than
recent vintages
in prime and
lower risk
bands

Personal Loan Cumulative 60+DPD Rate by Annual Vintage and Risk

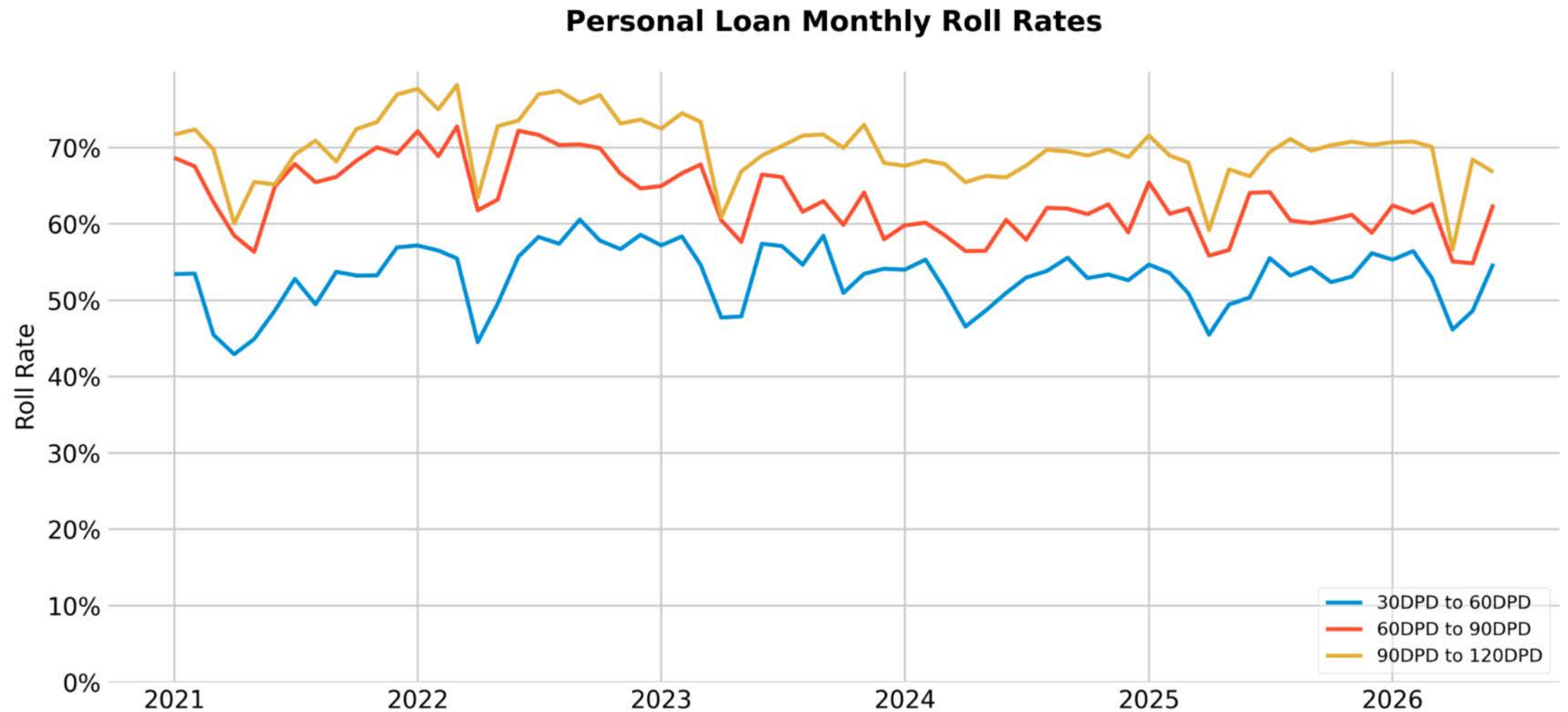


**For higher
Vantage tiers,
Q3 2025
delinquencies
align with
recent years
(Slide 2 of 2)**

Personal Loan Cumulative 60+DPD Rate by Annual Vintage and Risk

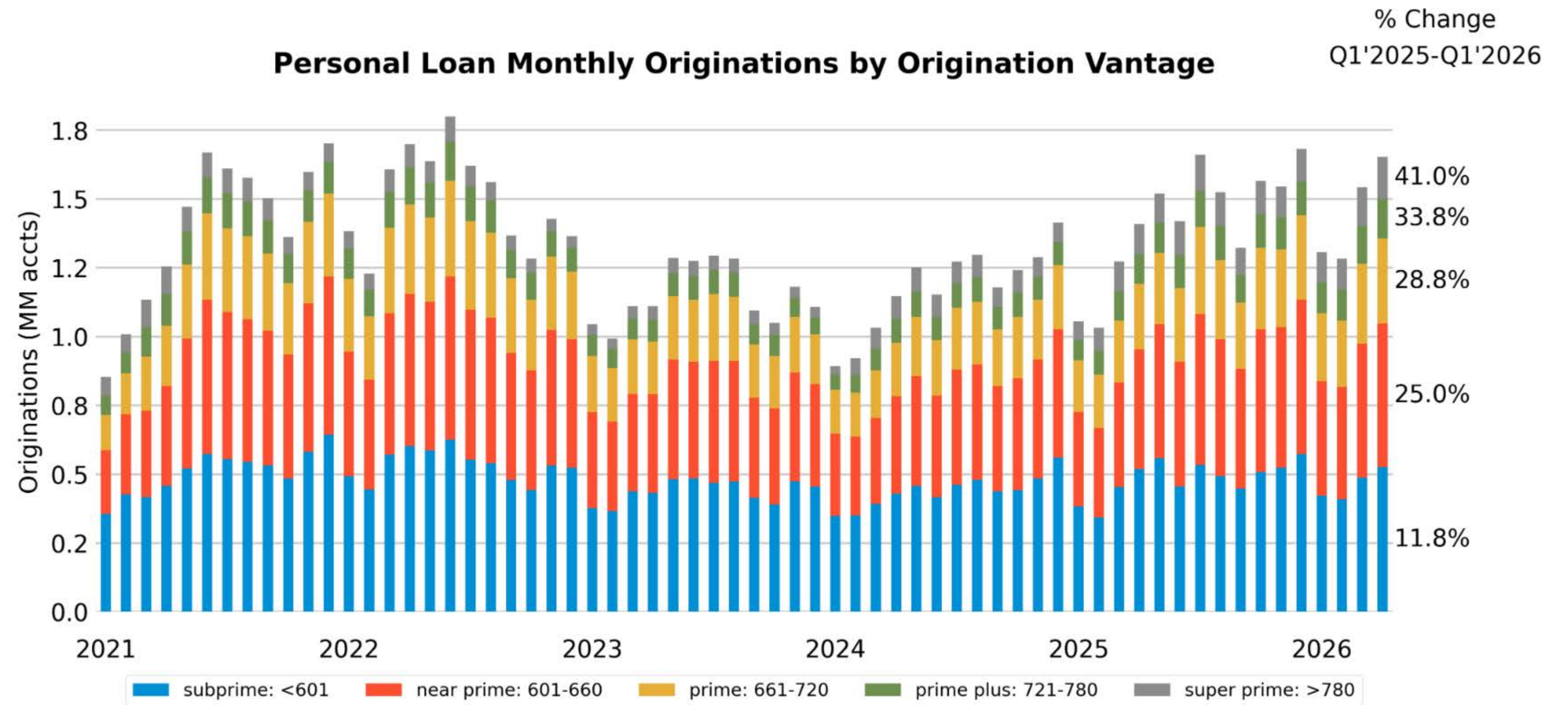


**Fluctuations
in PL roll
rates align
with seasonal
trends**



Source: 2OS, Equifax Ignite. Data as of July 20, 2026

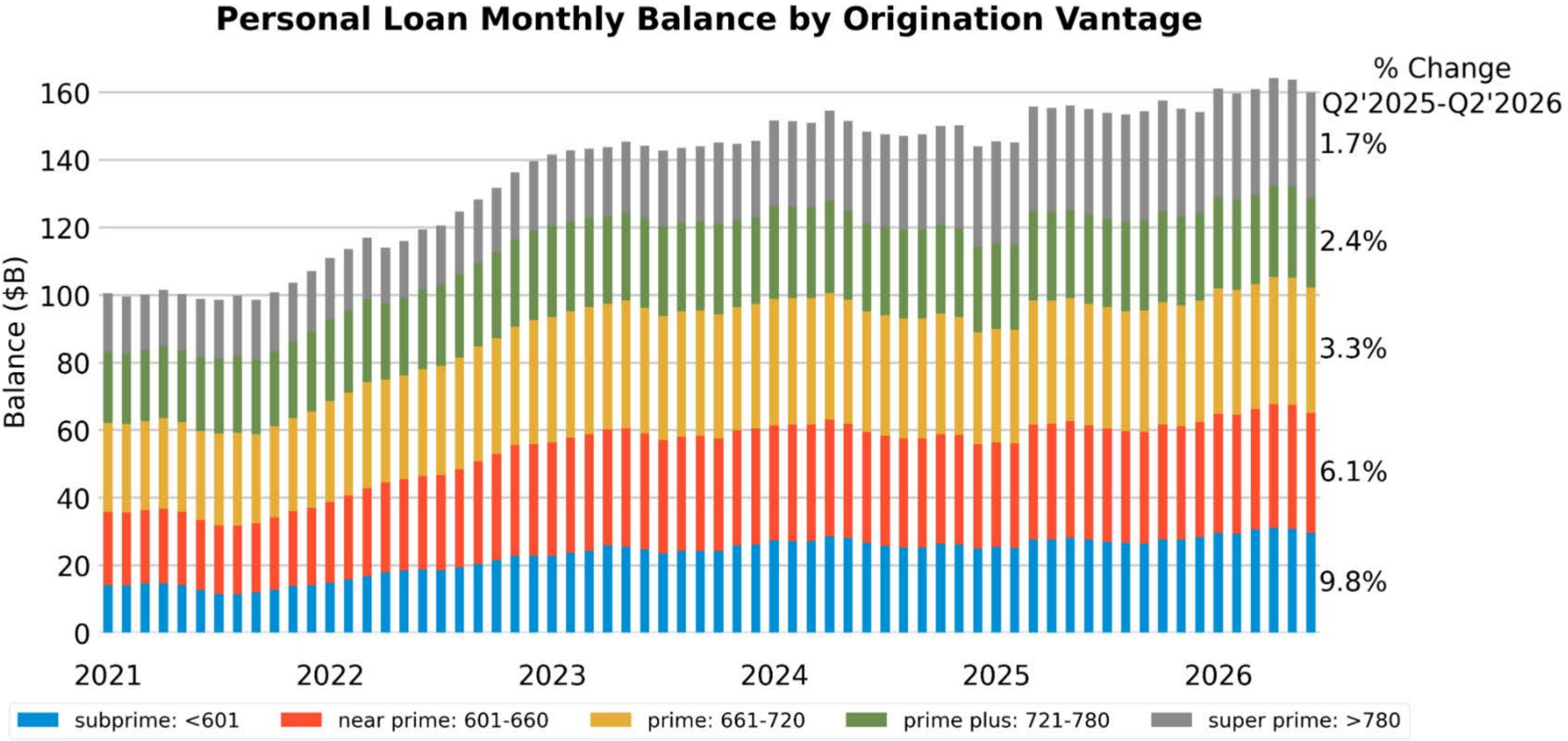
YoY change in monthly originations is significantly elevated, particularly in higher Vantage bands



Average loan amounts remained relatively stable in Q2, but are down in real terms



Origination growth continued to support an increase in monthly balances, with the strongest growth in lower Vantage tiers





State of the Consumer

Credit Card

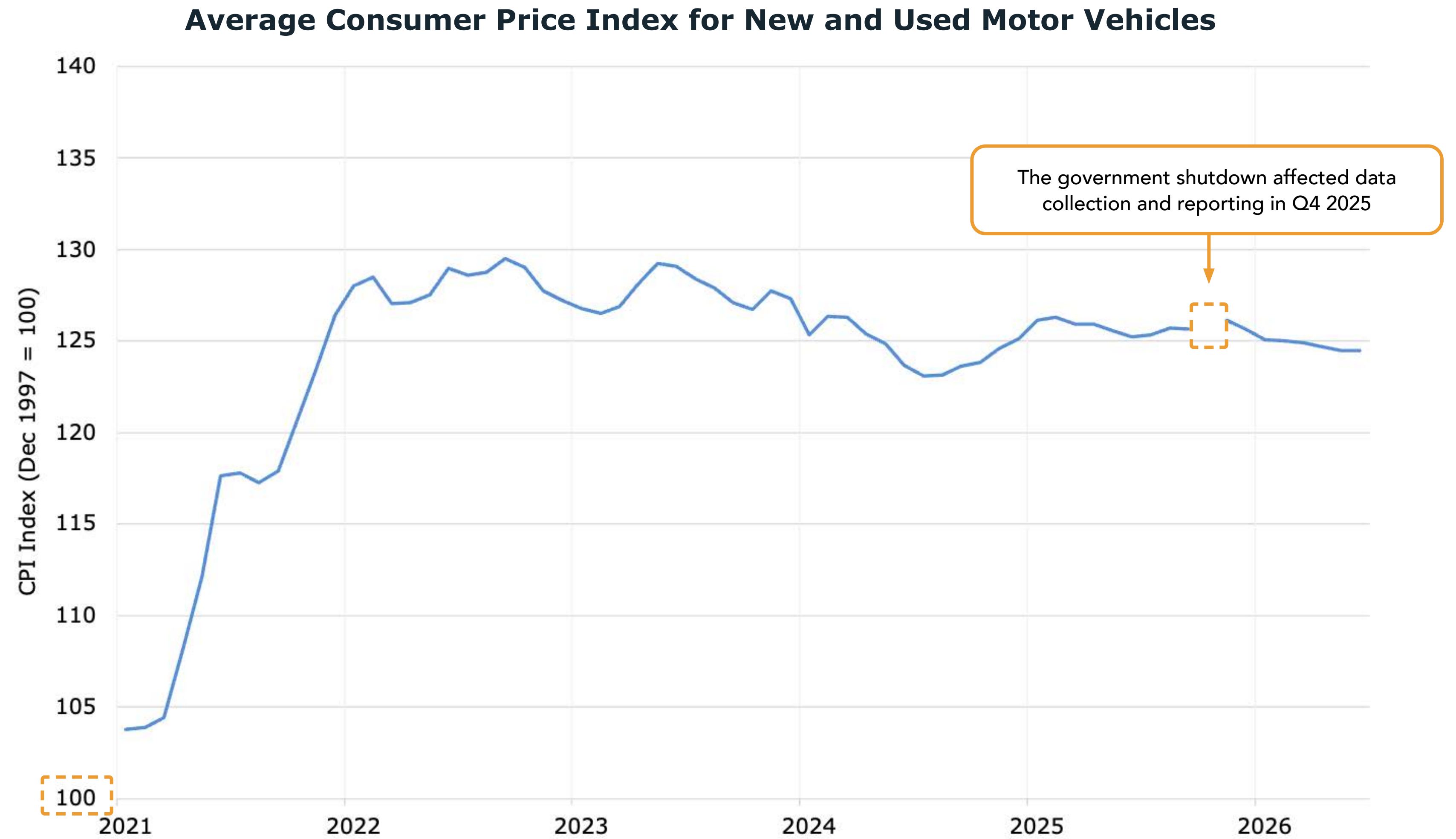
Personal Loan

Auto

Student Loan

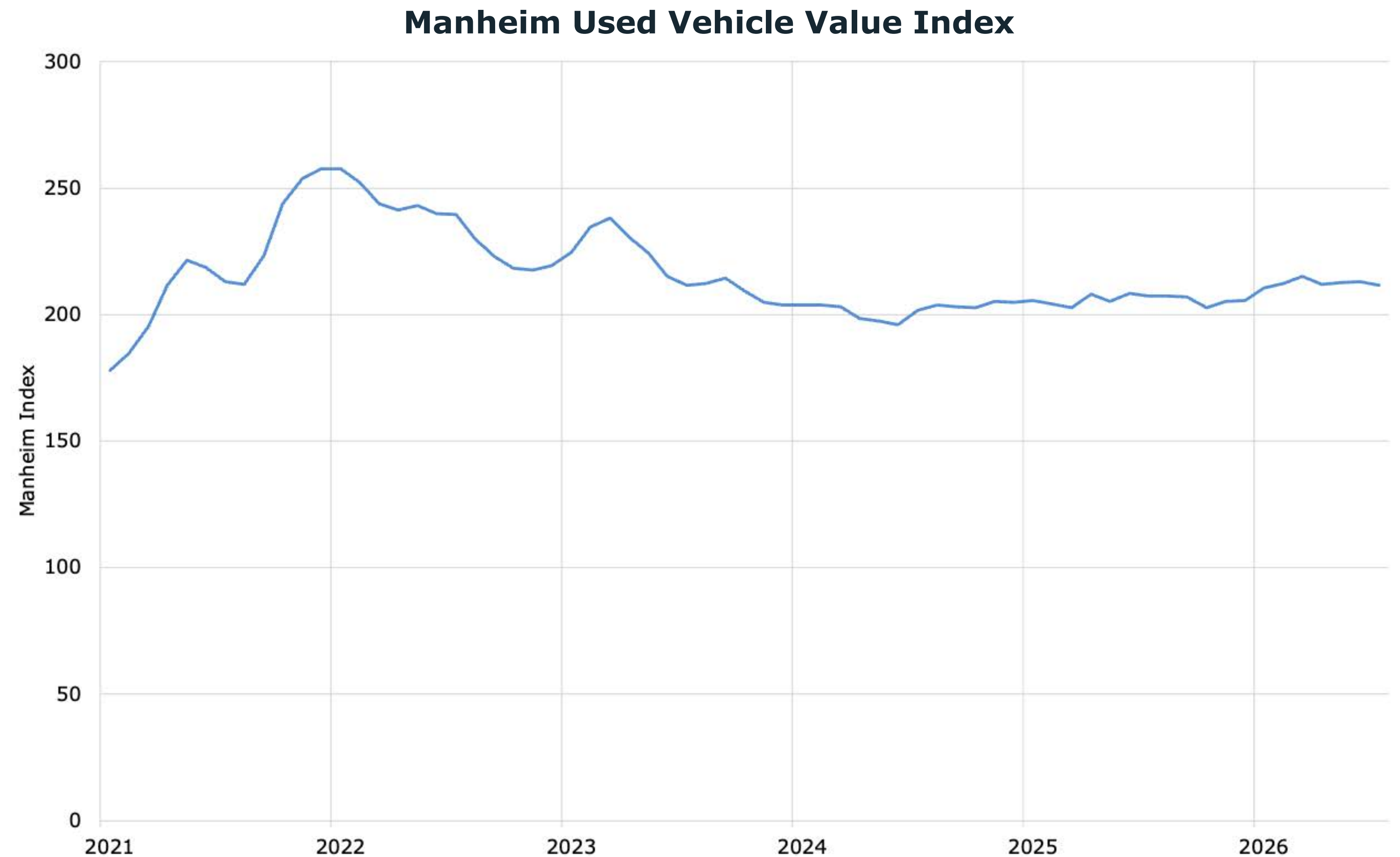
Mortgage

New and used vehicle prices fell slightly in Q2 2026



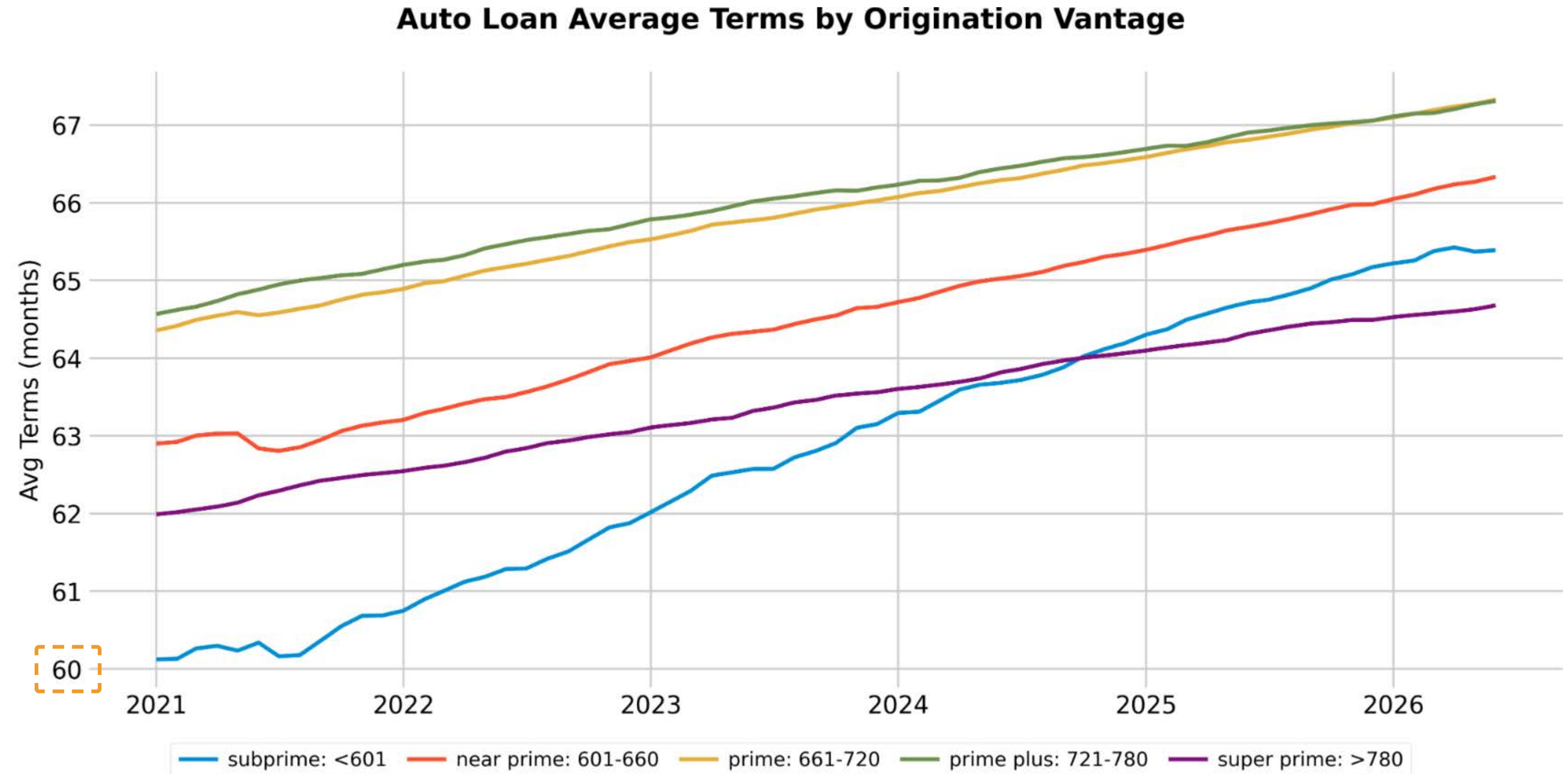
Source: 2OS, [FRED](#). Data as of July 14, 2026

**Used vehicle
prices rose
slightly through
Q2 2026
before cooling,
remaining
elevated YoY**



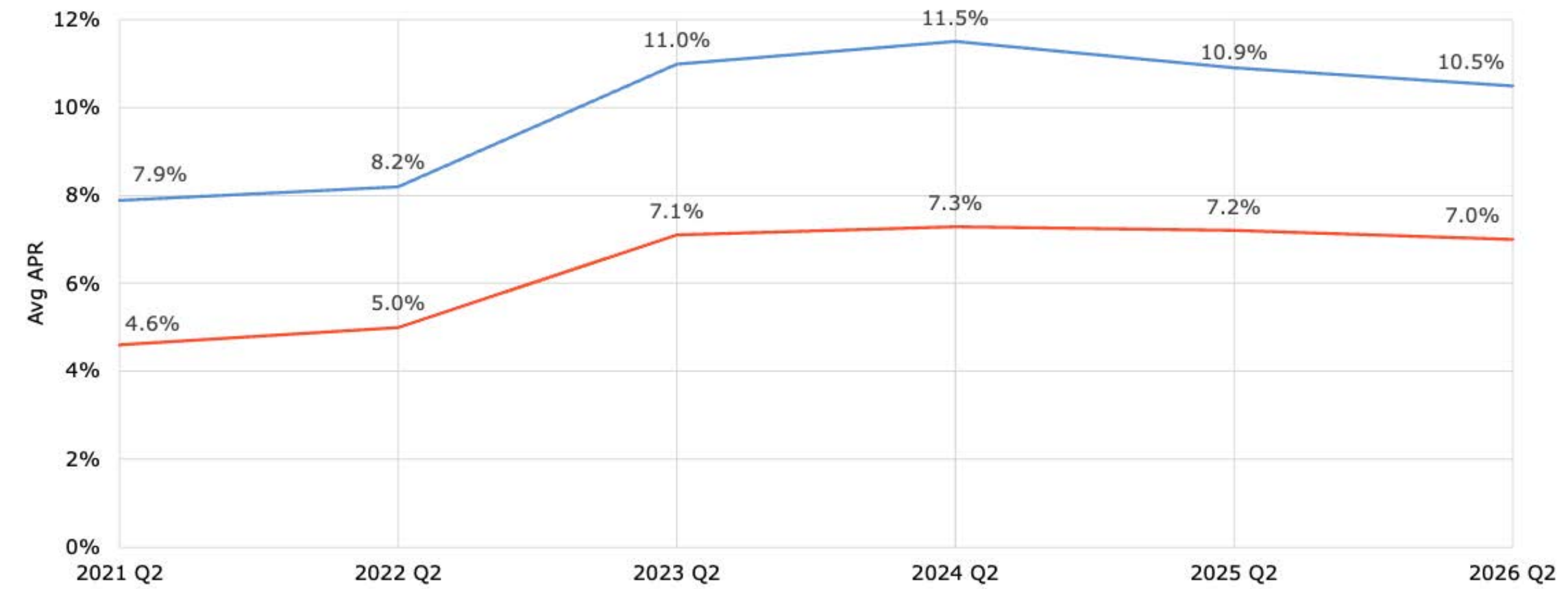
Source: 2OS, [Manheim](#). Data as of July 17, 2026

Auto loan terms lengthened across Vantage tiers in 2026, with the largest increases among subprime borrowers

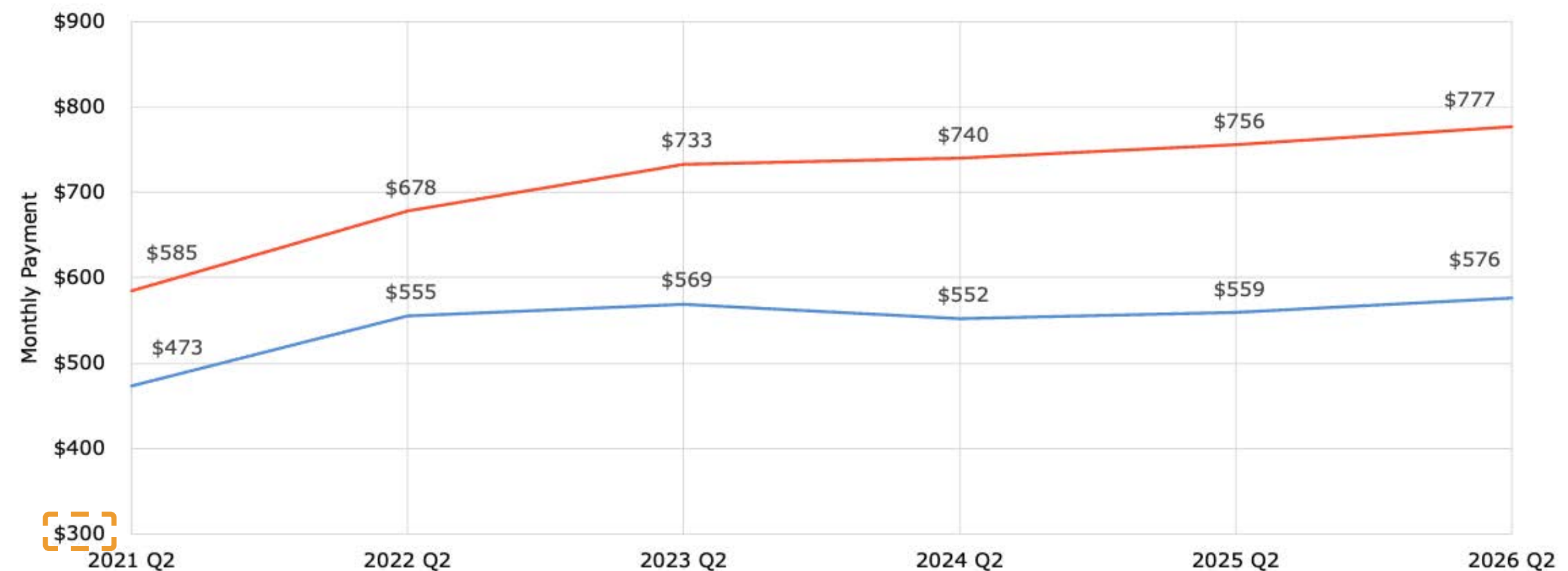


While auto loan APRs continued to ease in Q2, average monthly car payments rose to record highs

Average APR on New & Used Cars

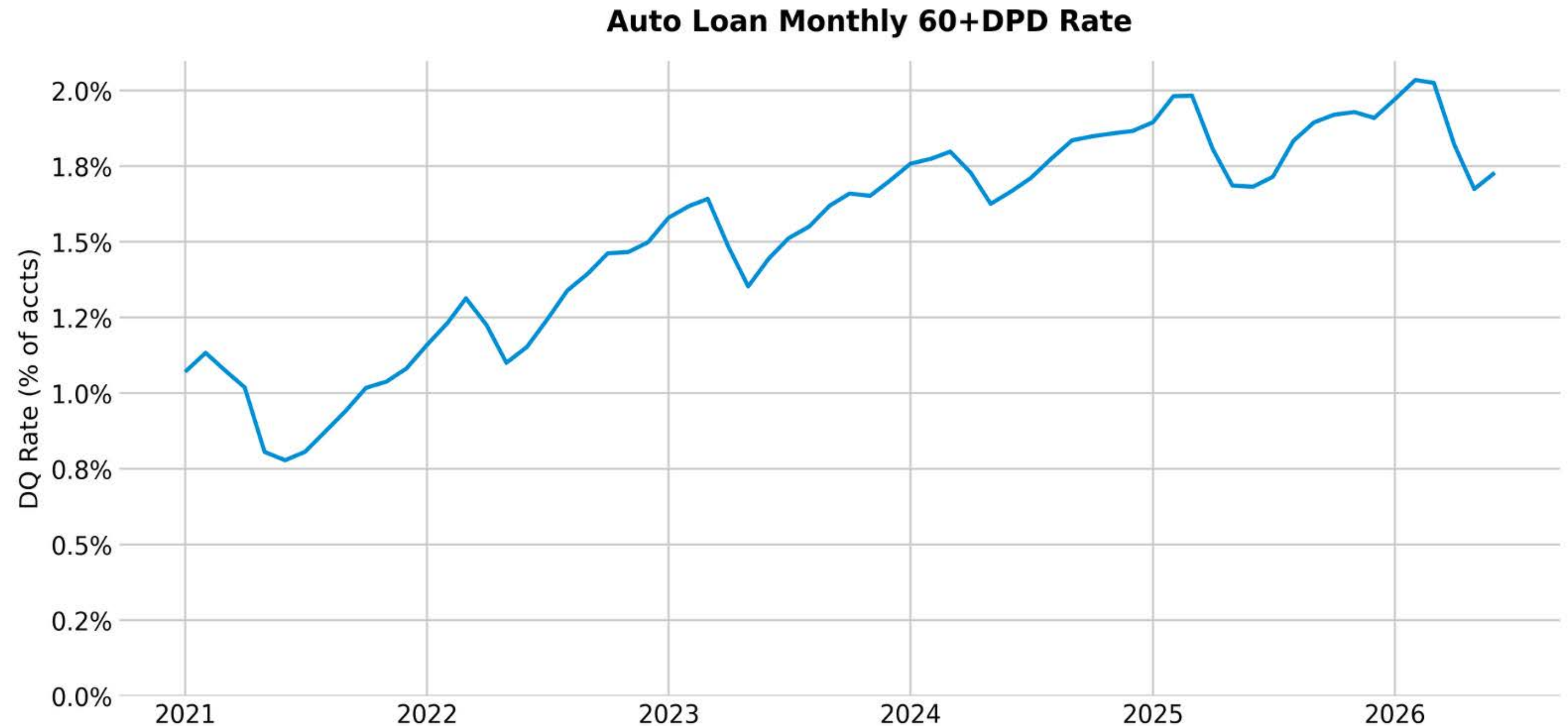


Average Monthly Payment on New & Used Cars



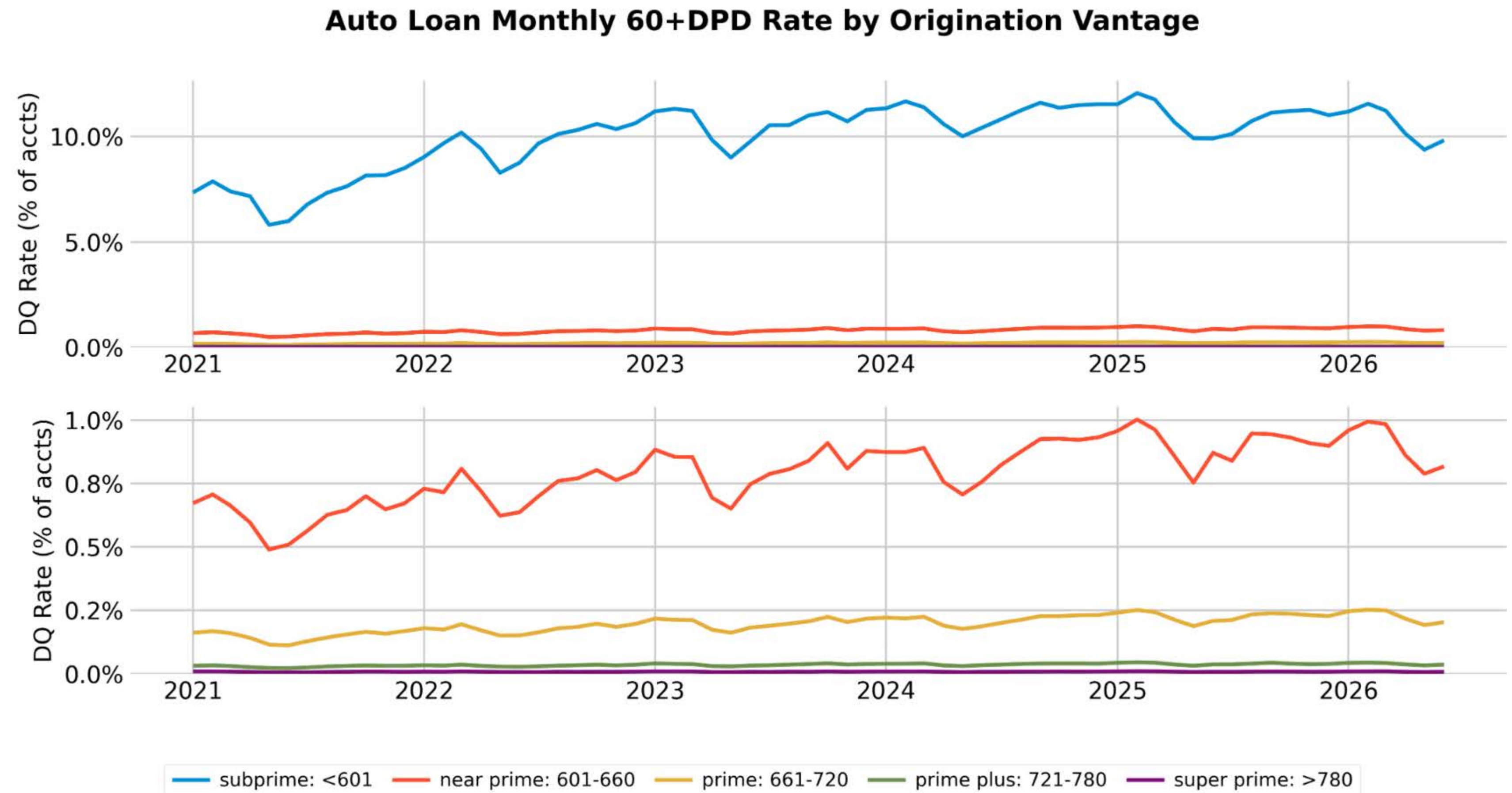
Source: [Edmunds](#) reports 2021-2026. Data as of July 1, 2026

Auto loan delinquency rates fell in Q2 2026 to levels similar to those of Q2 2025 and 2024

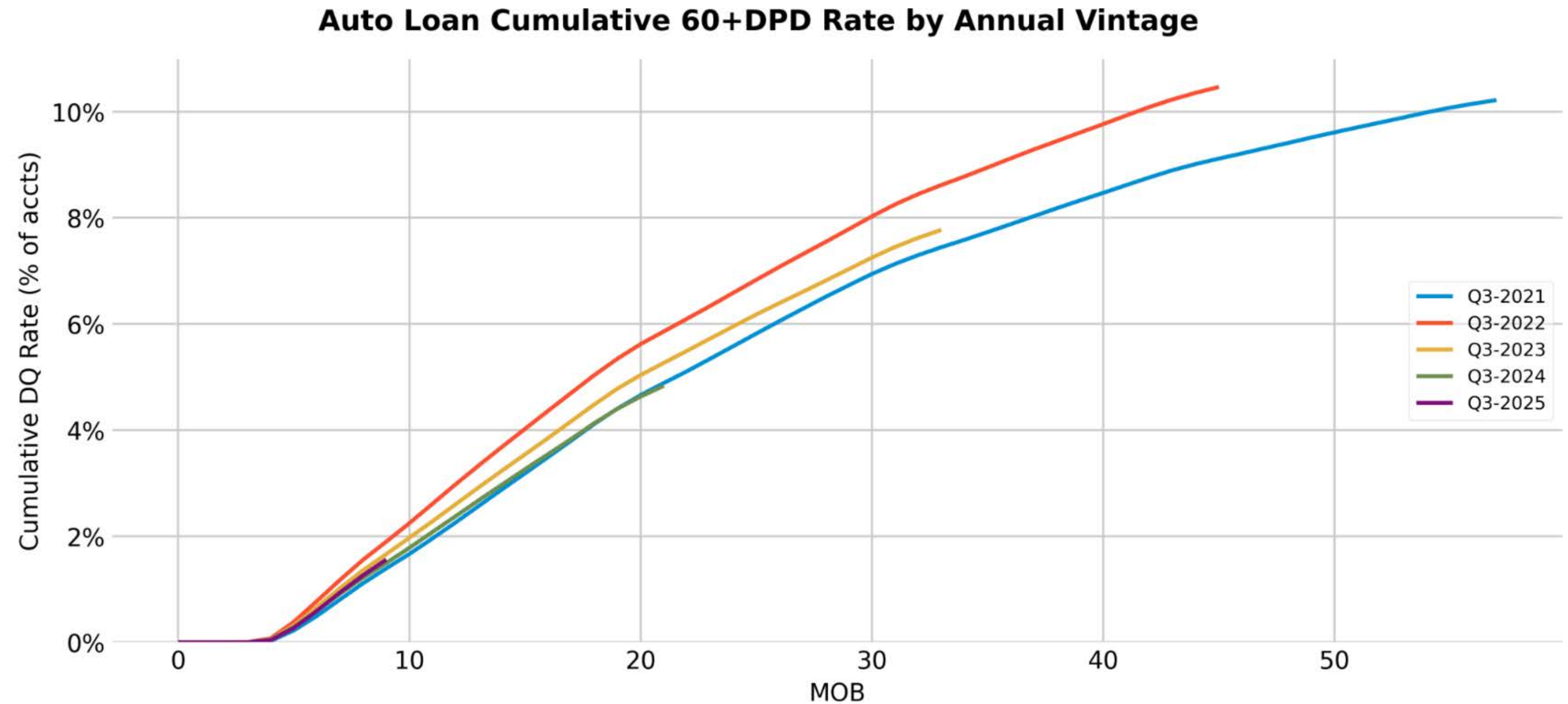


Source: 2OS, Equifax Ignite. Data as of July 20, 2026

Delinquency rates dipped in line with previous Q2 trends, driven primarily by subprime and near prime bands

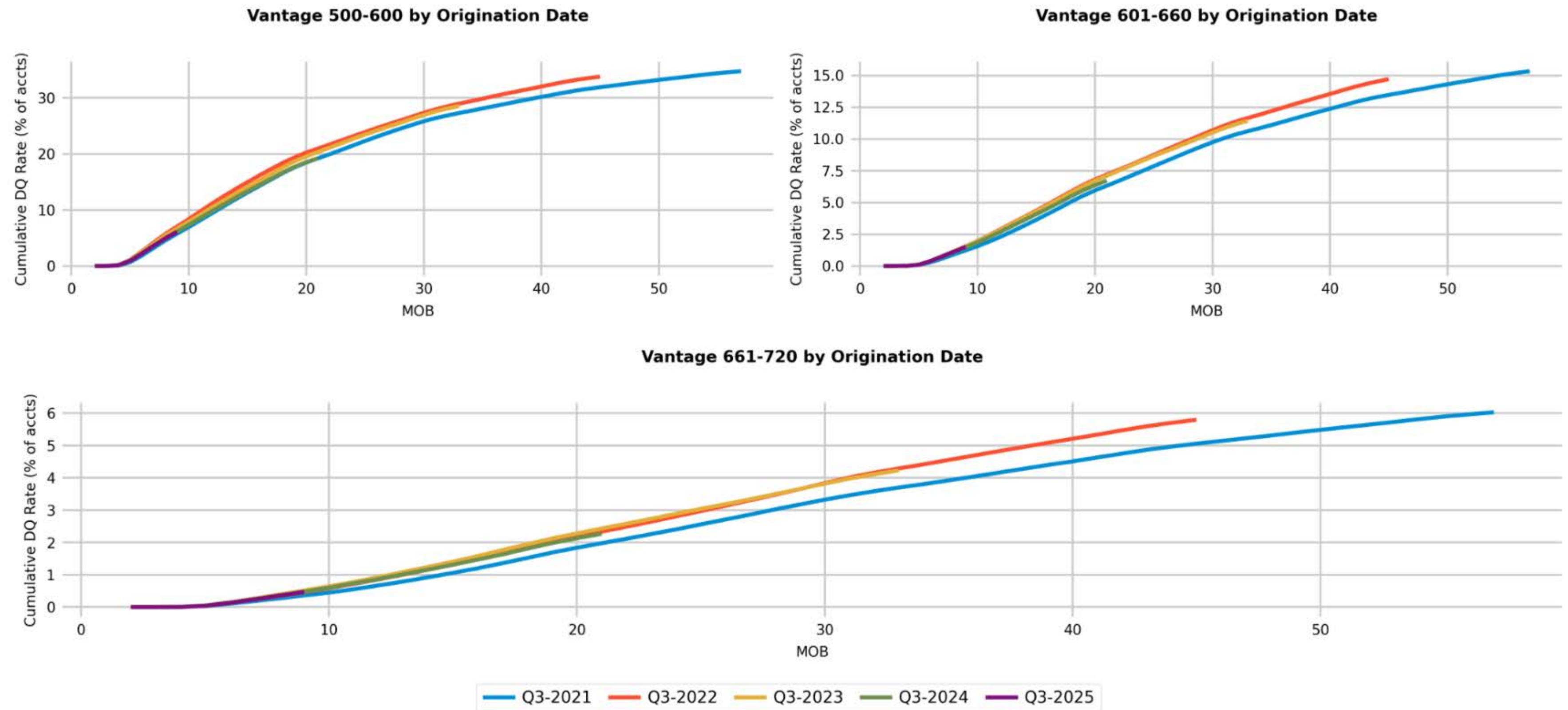


**Q3 2025
delinquencies
performed
worse than Q3
2024 vintage,
but better than
Q3 in 2022 and
2023**



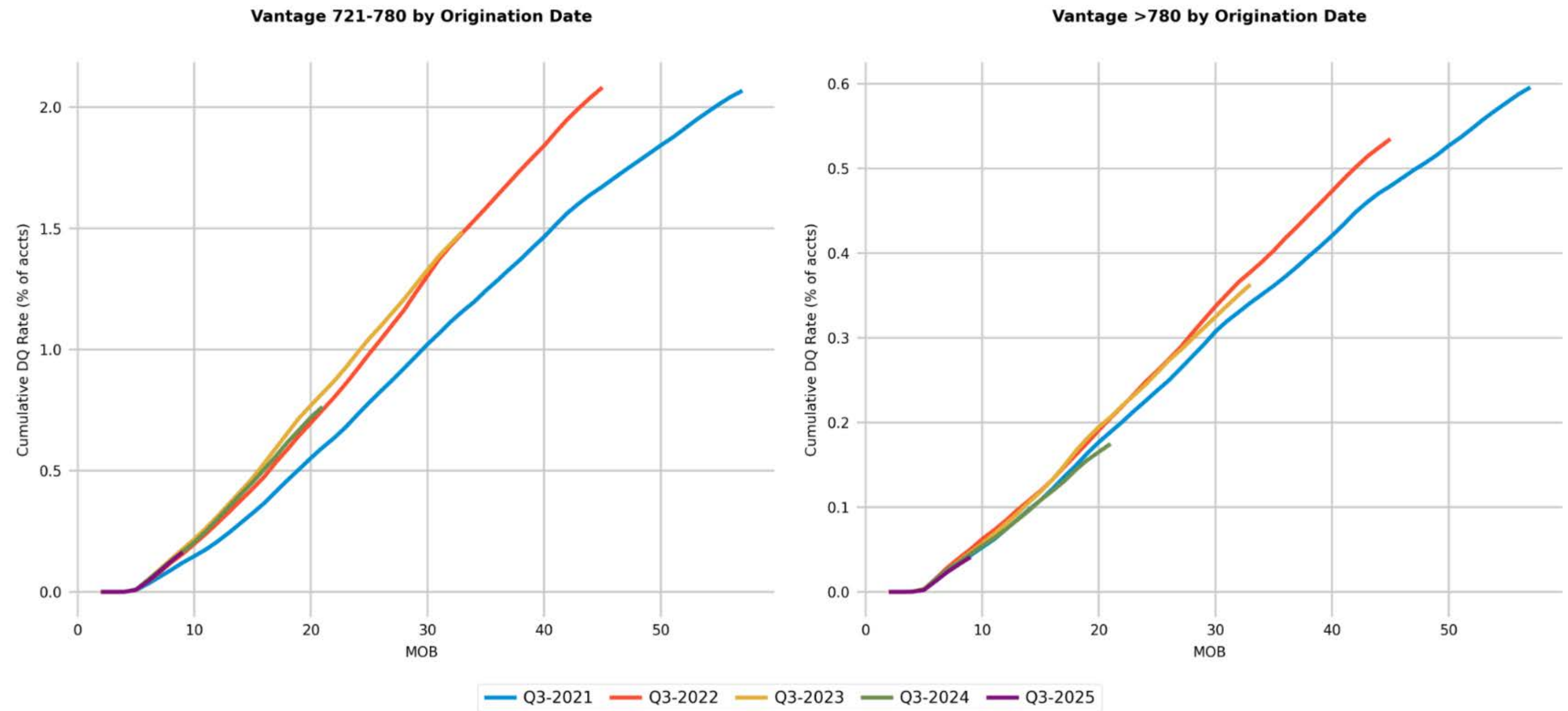
Subprime Q3 2025 vintages slightly outperformed the past three years, while other bands held steady (Slide 1 of 2)

Auto Cumulative 60+DPD Rate by Annual Vintage and Risk

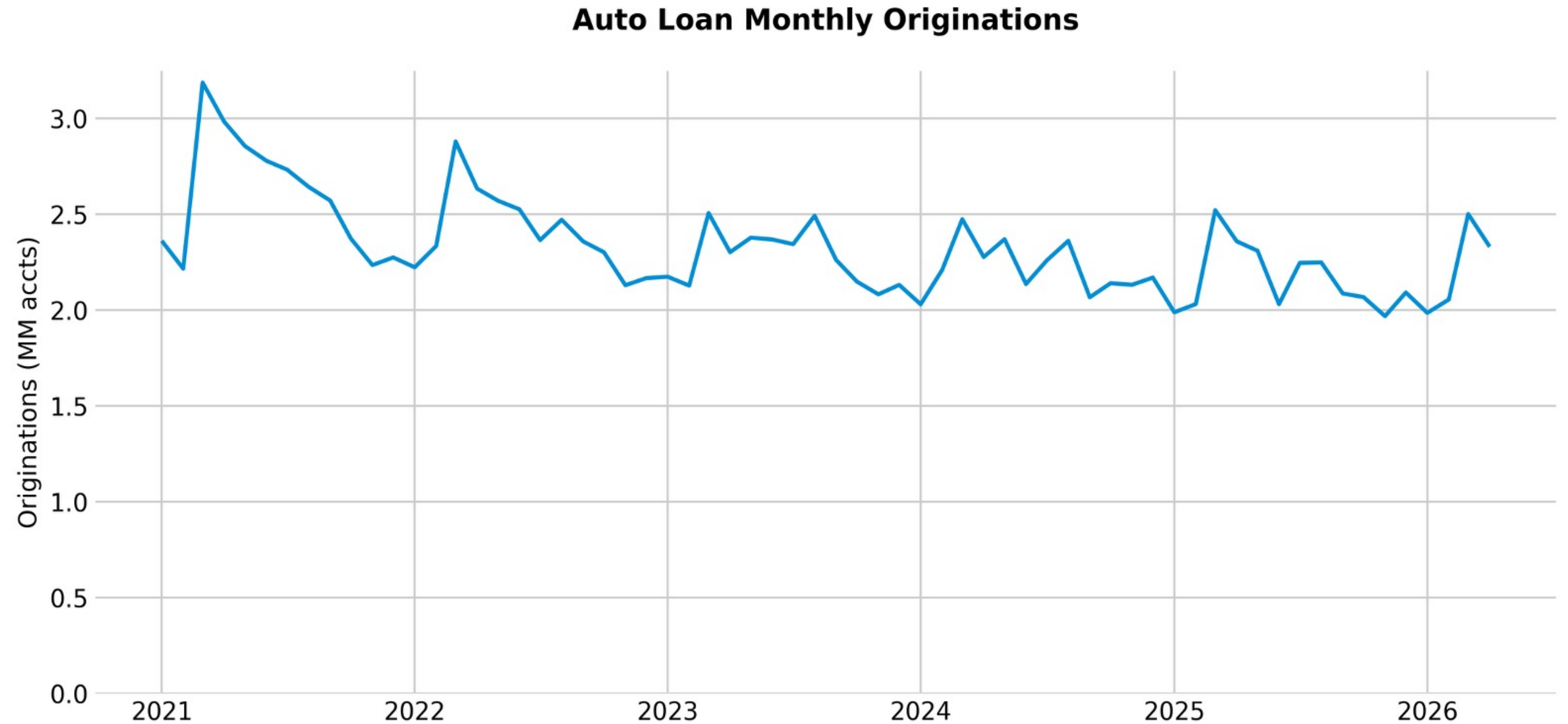


Prime-plus Q3 2025 vintages outperformed recent vintages, with super prime outperforming 2022 and 2021 as well
(Slide 2 of 2)

Auto Cumulative 60+DPD Rate by Annual Vintage and Risk

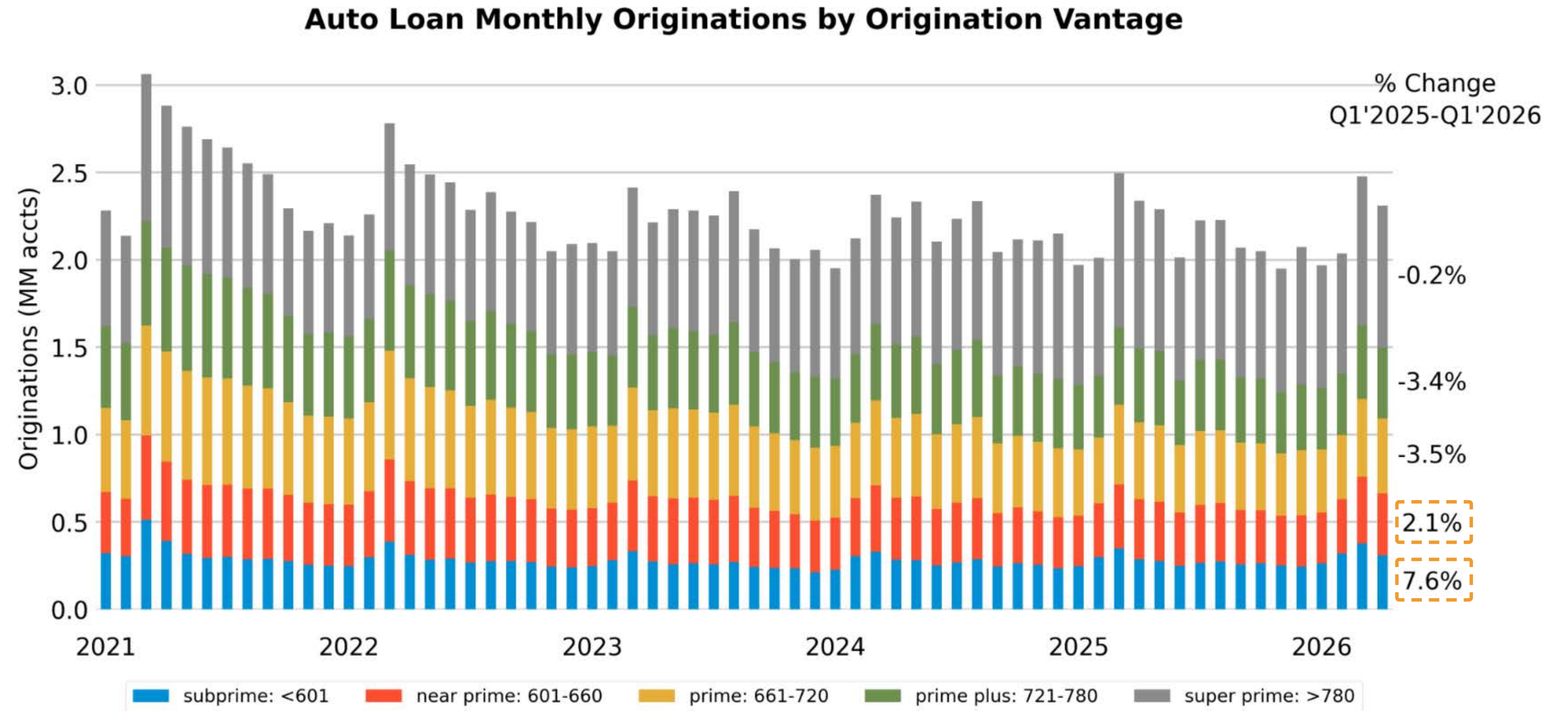


**Auto loan
originations
rose to start
2026 following
seasonal
patterns**

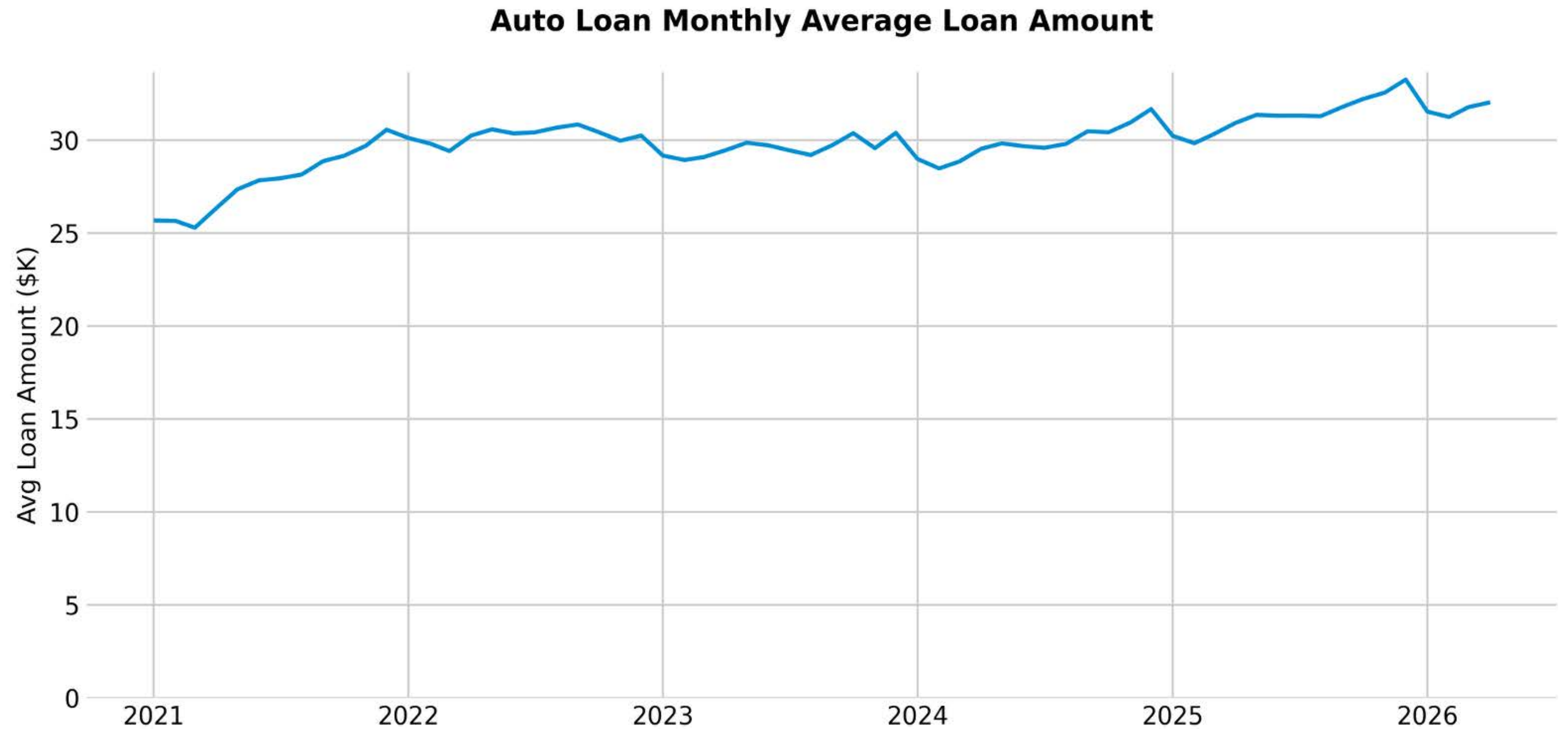


Source: 2OS, Equifax Ignite. Data as of July 20, 2026

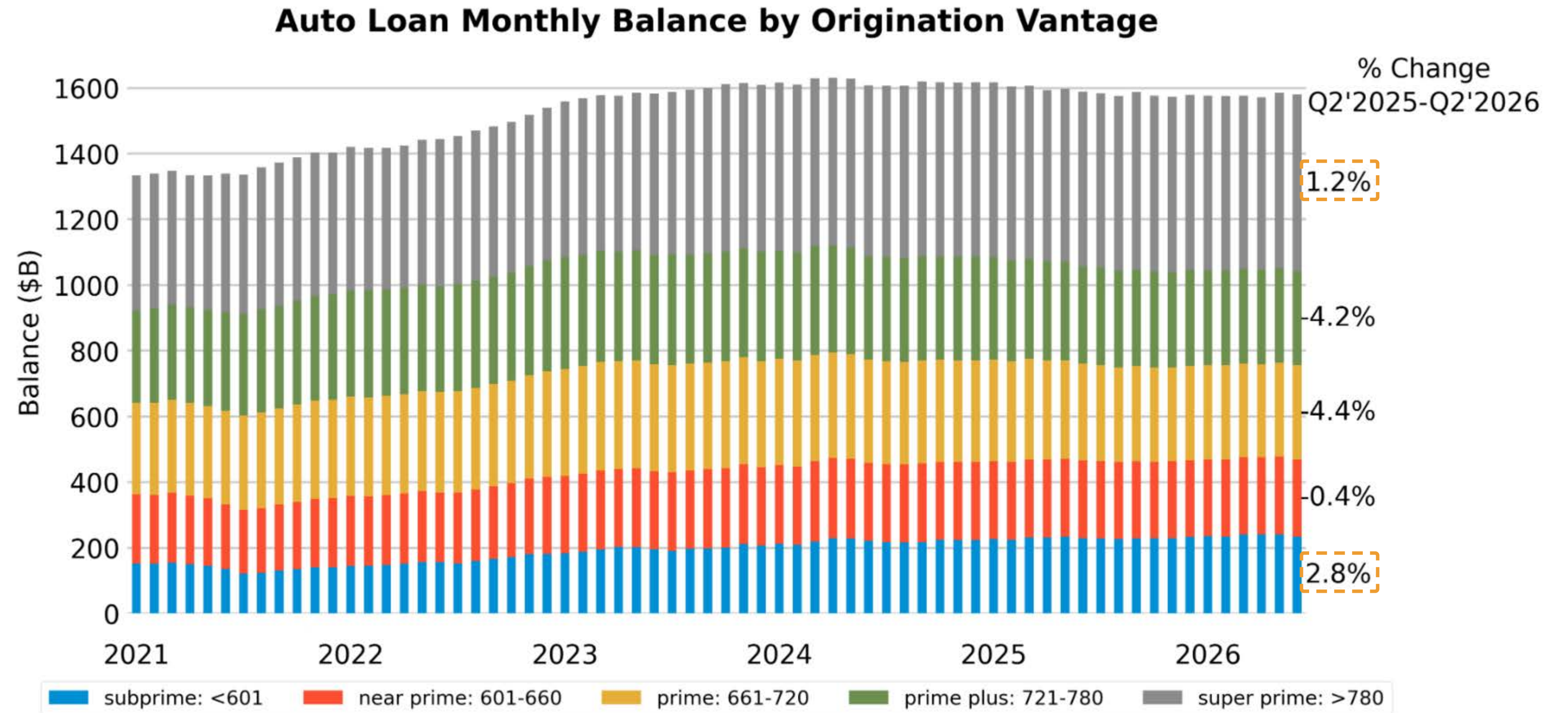
Auto loan originations remained roughly stable YoY, with growth concentrated in subprime and near prime



Average auto loan amount continue to be up YoY, but have eased from late 2025 high



Auto loan balances remained stable YoY, with growth concentrated in super prime and subprime





State of the Consumer

Credit Card

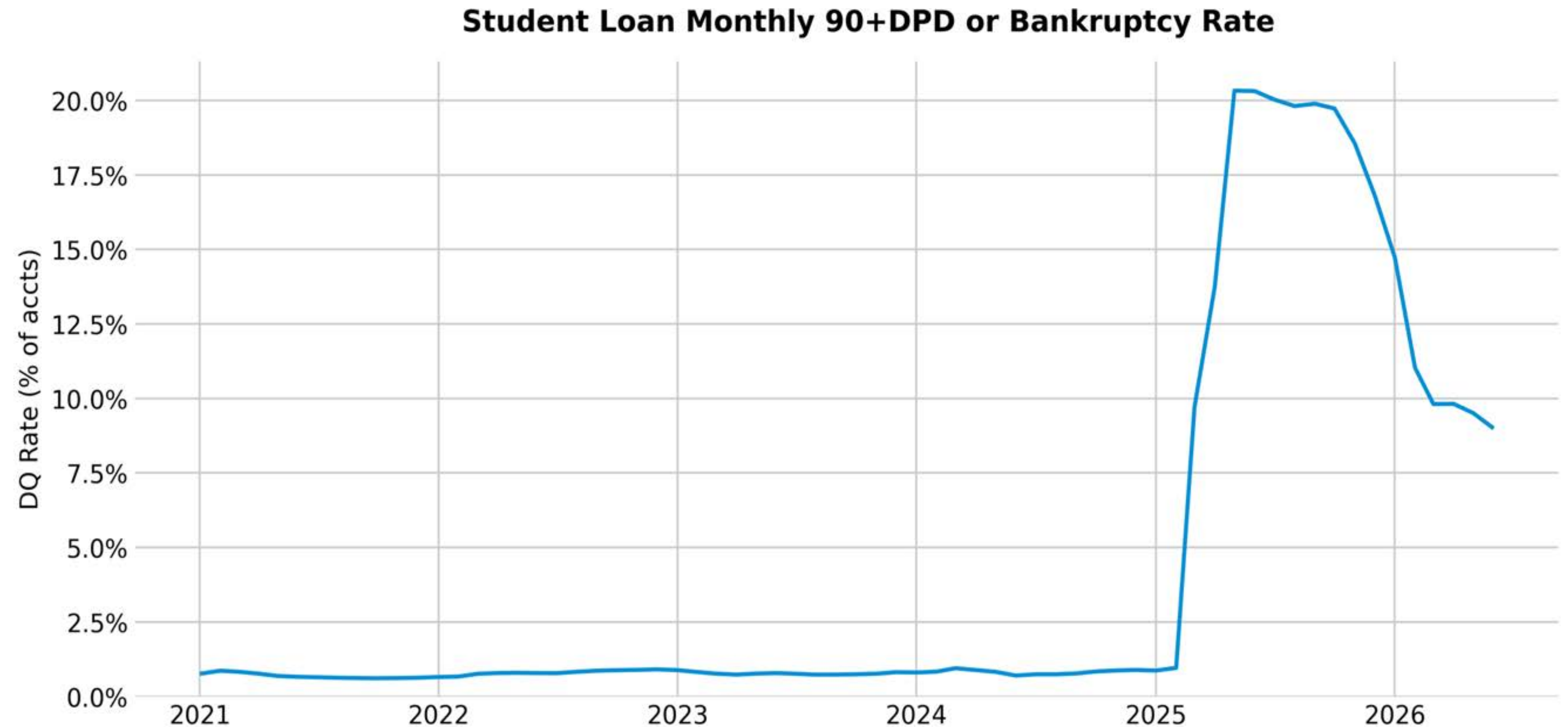
Personal Loan

Auto

Student Loan

Mortgage

Student loan delinquencies continued to decline in Q2, though at a more moderate pace, following a spike from resumption of bureau reporting

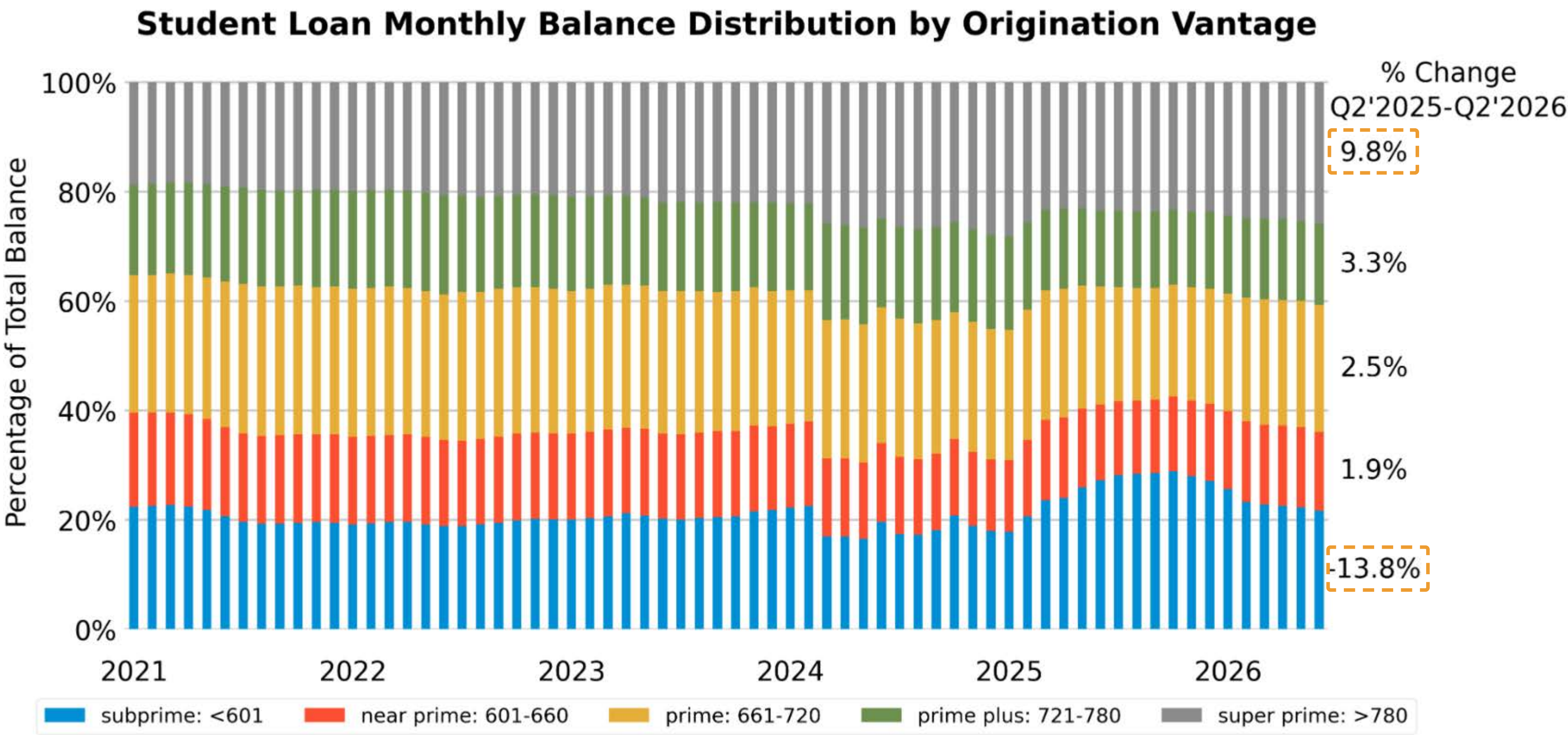


The decline in subprime delinquencies leveled off in Q2 compared with Q1, while other risk bands continued to decline at a steadier pace

Student Loan Monthly 90+DPD or Bankruptcy Rate by Origination Vantage



Student loan balance mix shifted toward higher Vantage tiers YoY, led by growth in super-prime and a decline in subprime share



Source: 2OS, Equifax Ignite. Data as of July 20, 2026



State of the Consumer

Credit Card

Personal Loan

Auto

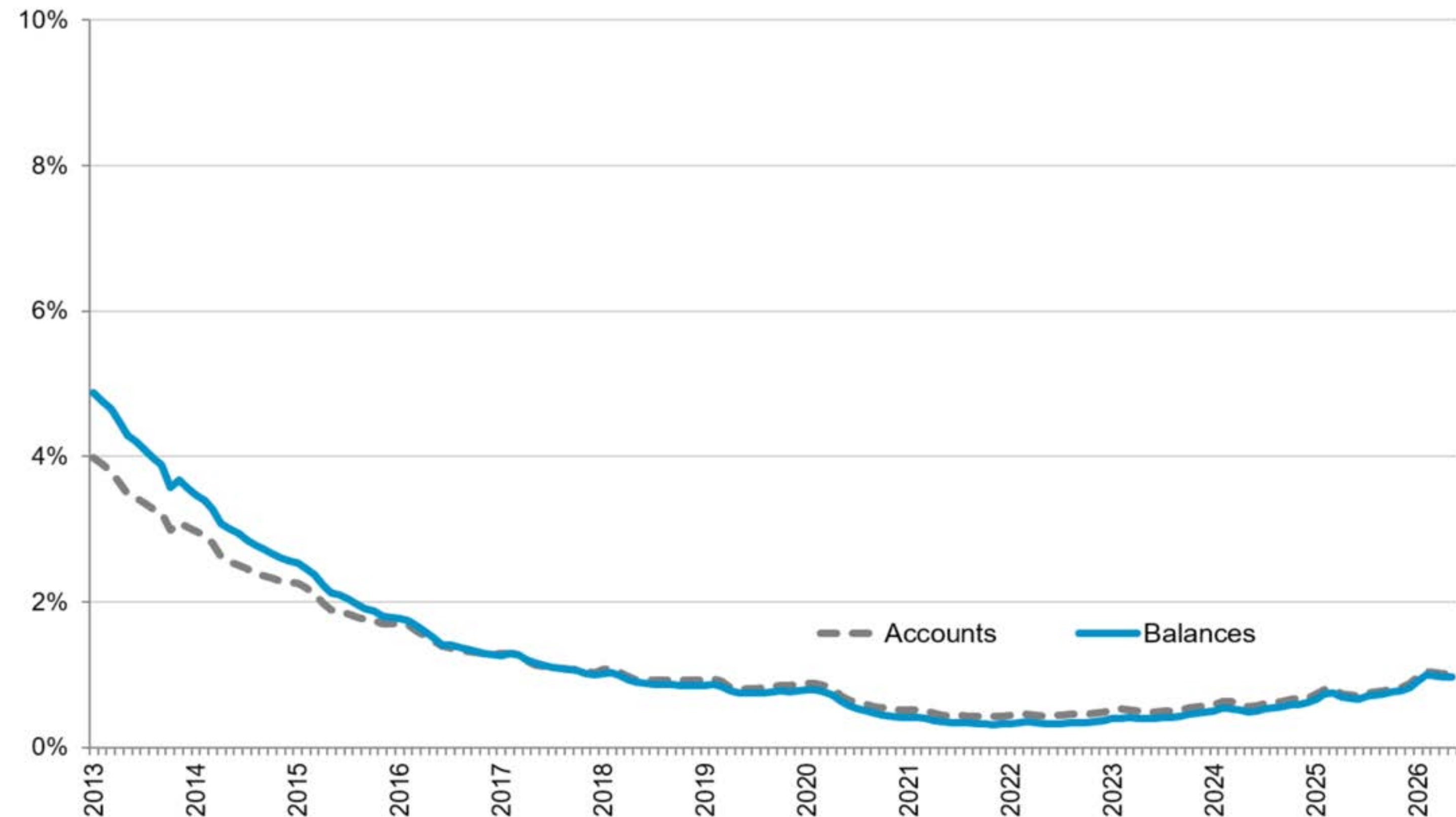
Student Loan

Mortgage

Severe delinquencies in first mortgages leveled out in Q2 2026

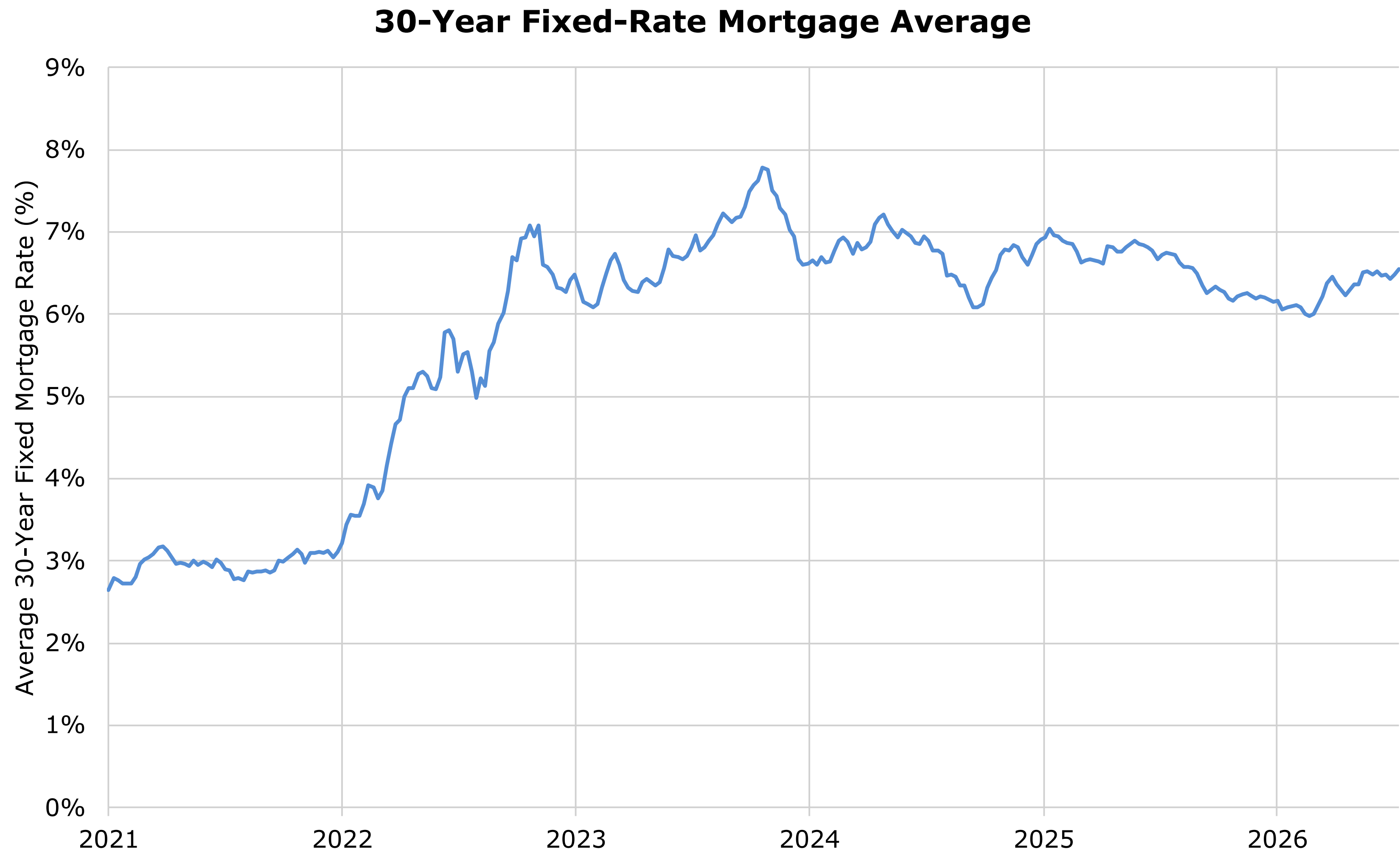
Severe Delinquency Rate

90+ Days Past Due, in Bankruptcy and In Foreclosure
Percent of Accounts and Balances; NSA; Excludes Severe Derogatory



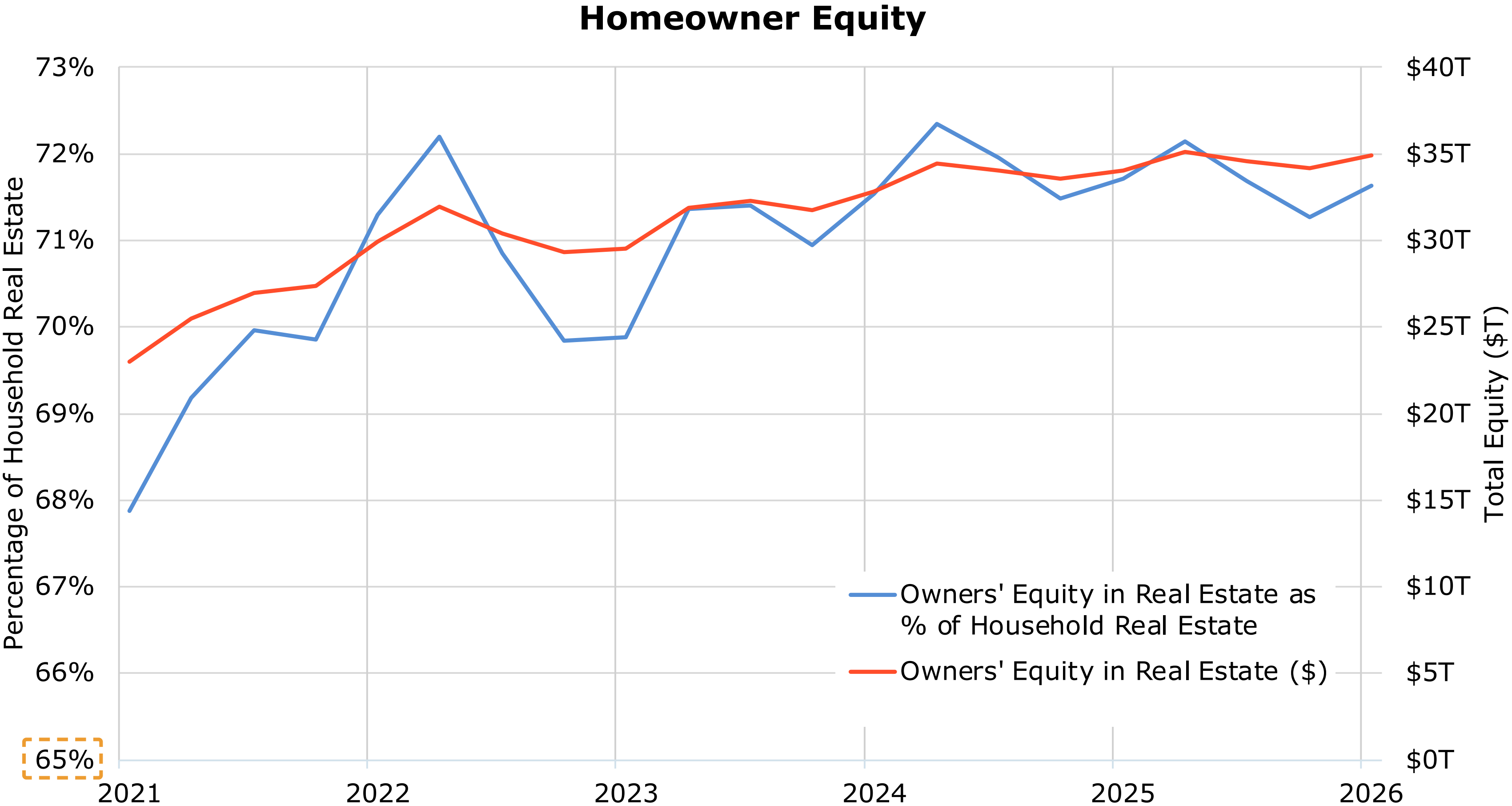
Source: [Equifax](#). Data as of May 2026

The average mortgage rate remained stable in Q2 2026



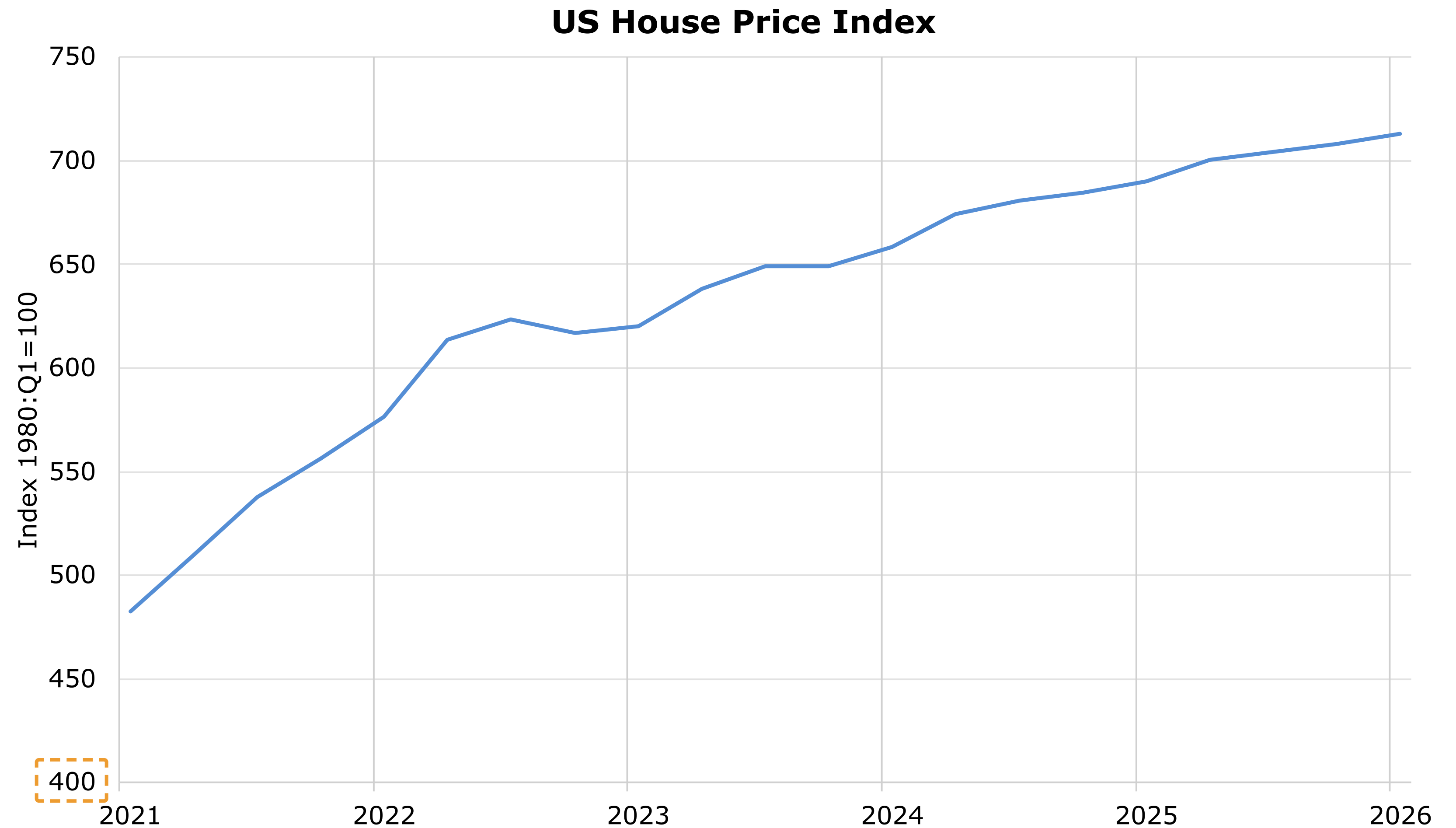
Source: 2OS, [FRED](#). Data as of July 16, 2026

Homeowner equity rebounded to a new high after a brief dip



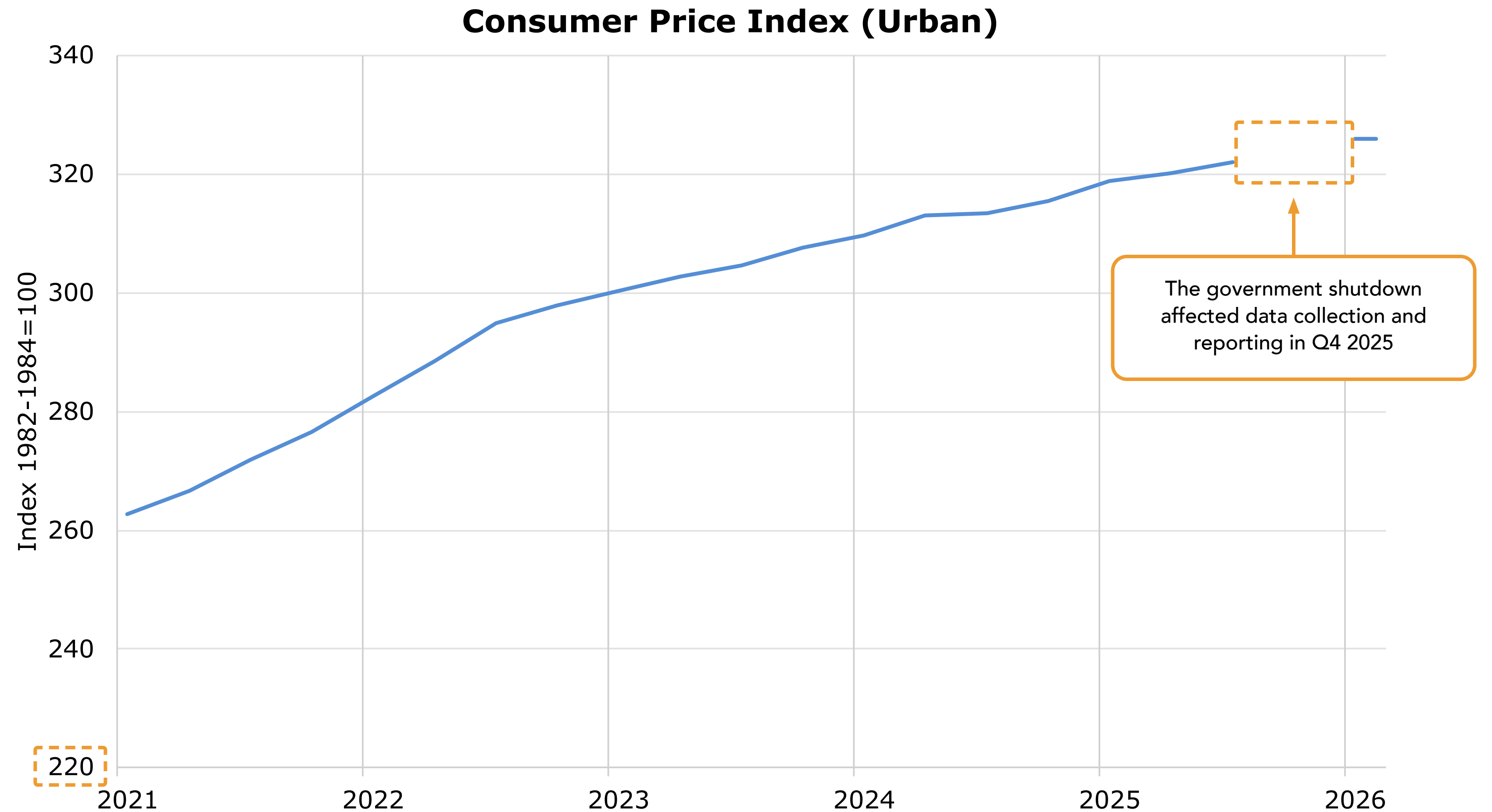
Source: ZOS, FRED ([blue line](#), [red line](#)). Data as of June 2026

**US housing
prices continued
climbing in 2026,
with momentum
easing since
2023**



Source: 2OS, [FRED](#). Data as of May 26, 2026

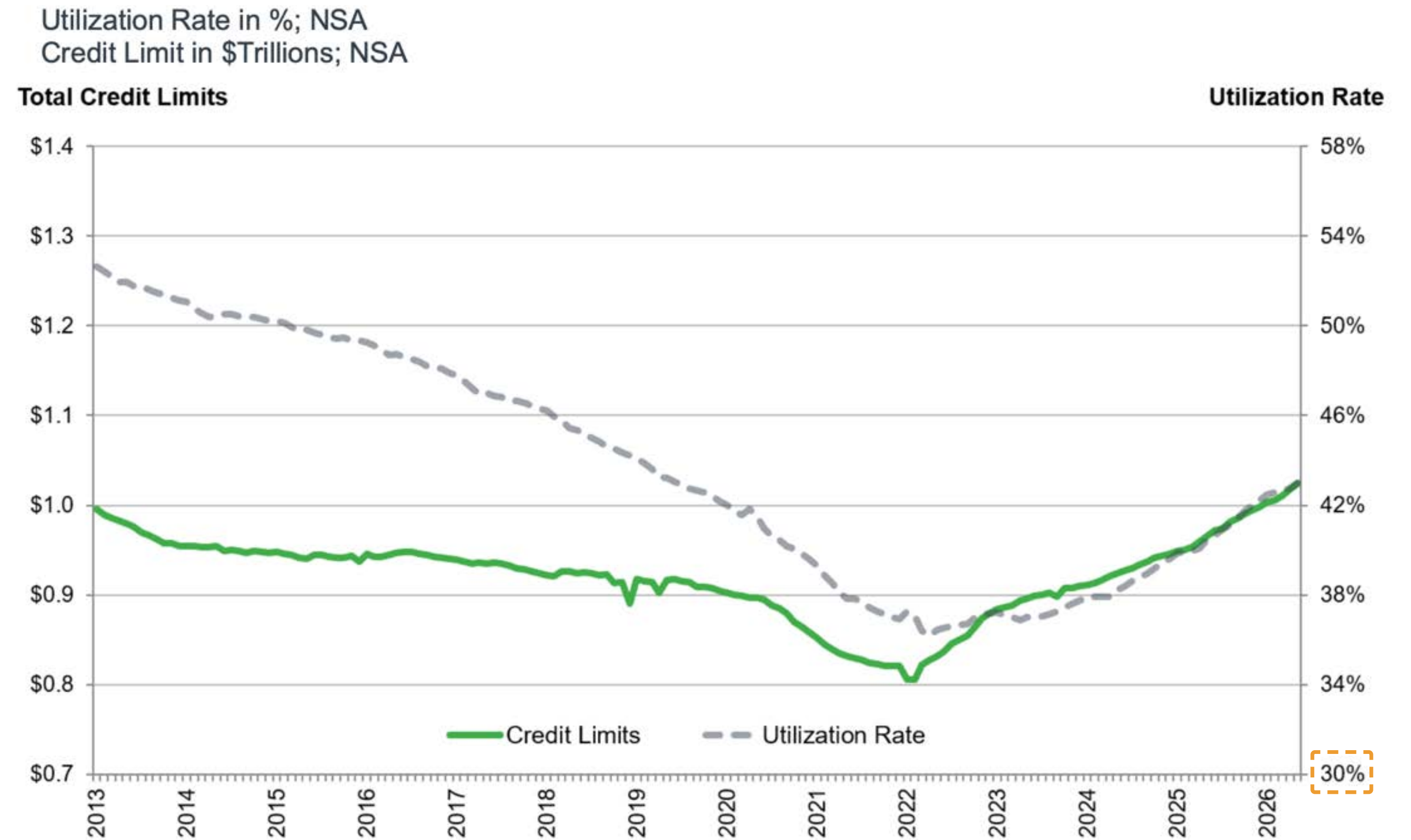
Consumer prices continued climbing into 2026, though at a much slower pace than in 2021-2022



Source: ZOS, [FRED](#). Data as of July 14, 2026

HELOC credit limits surpassed \$1T for the first time since 2016, as utilization kept climbing in Q2 2026

Utilization and Credit Limit



Acknowledgments

The authors would like to especially thank Equifax for facilitating the Ignite platform used to generate these views. The authors would also like to thank dv01, Bank of America, Experian, TransUnion, and others cited throughout for the data used to generate insights in this paper.

This report was prepared by **Walker Flythe**, **Glenn Bohlman**, **Zoe Svec**, **Hayden King**, and **Scott Barton**.

| **WALKER FLYTHE** is a Director of Business Analytics at 2nd Order Solutions with expertise spanning the credit lifecycle from marketing to collections. His decade of industry experience draws from time as a consultant and operator at firms ranging from de novo fintechs to international banks.

| **ZOE SVEC** is a Business Analyst at 2nd Order Solutions with experience working on credit policy development, collections diagnostics, fraud operations, and loss forecasting.

| **SCOTT BARTON** is the Founder and Managing Partner at 2nd Order Solutions; he has led hundreds of major initiatives for major banks and fintechs, including overhauls of collection strategies, overarching model redesigns, and major architectural changes to organizational credit risk assessment. He previously was one of a handful of Senior Credit Officers at Capital One and led several business units, including Partnerships, Collections, Recoveries, and Fraud.

| **GLENN BOHLMAN** is a Senior Business Analyst at 2nd Order Solutions with experience in credit strategy, valuations and risk modeling, credit policy development, and product design across consumer lending products and deposits.

| **HAYDEN KING** is a Data Scientist at 2nd Order Solutions with experience in risk modeling, model validation, and credit policy across a variety of lending products.

You may contact the authors by email at:

Walker.Flythe@2os.com | Glenn.Bohlman@2os.com | Zoe.Svec@2os.com | Hayden.King@2os.com | Scott.Barton@2os.com

About 2OS

2nd Order Solutions (2OS) is a boutique credit risk advisory firm that specializes in solving the world's most challenging credit problems. 2OS was founded 18 years ago and consults to a wide range of banks, card issuers, fintechs, and specialty finance companies in the US and abroad.

2OS has deep experience with lending businesses across Card, Auto, Small Business, and Personal Loans, at all points in the credit lifecycle. 2OS partners have vast expertise in all aspects of Collections, both as operating executives and as consultants.

For more insights and commentary on the lending industry, visit us at <https://2os.com/insights/>

Equifax Ignite Definitions

Active accounts:	This includes all accounts that have a reported status in the most recent three months. Accounts categorized as closed are included in the month in which that status was first reported and are excluded from active accounts thereafter.
Definition of delinquency:	For credit cards, auto loans, and personal loans, accounts are classified as delinquent at 60+ days past due. Specifically, they are included in 60-90 DPD, 90-120 DPD, and 120+ DPD buckets; charged-off and bankrupt accounts are excluded. For student loans, accounts are classified as delinquent at 90+ DPD. These accounts are included in 90-120 DPD, 120+ DPD, and bankruptcy buckets; charged-off accounts are excluded. Vintage performance views are cumulative.
Definition of personal loans:	Personal finance and installment loans are classified as personal loans.
Origination timing:	Originations are lagged by 2 months from the current archive date.
Vantage bucket:	In any charts where borrowers are split out by Vantage bucket, borrowers without a Vantage score are excluded.
Vantage bucket timing:	To better observe movements within Vantage buckets (and reduce the effect of reclassification of accounts across buckets), the Vantage score is observed at a 3-month lag from the current archive date.



Providing World-Class Credit Risk
Solutions to Financial Institutions